

# תוכן עניינים

## Reading Comprehension

63.....	1 יחידת תרגול
76.....	2 יחידת תרגול
85.....	3 יחידת תרגול
94.....	4 יחידת תרגול
103.....	5 יחידת תרגול
112.....	6 יחידת תרגול

## Sentence Completions

2.....	1 יחידת תרגול
5.....	2 יחידת תרגול
8.....	3 יחידת תרגול
11.....	4 יחידת תרגול
13.....	5 יחידת תרגול
15.....	6 יחידת תרגול
17.....	7 יחידת תרגול
19.....	8 יחידת תרגול

## Restatements

21.....	1 יחידת תרגול
25.....	2 יחידת תרגול
29.....	3 יחידת תרגול
33.....	4 יחידת תרגול
37.....	5 יחידת תרגול
40.....	6 יחידת תרגול
43.....	7 יחידת תרגול
46.....	8 יחידת תרגול
48.....	9 יחידת תרגול
50.....	10 יחידת תרגול
52.....	11 יחידת תרגול
54.....	12 יחידת תרגול
57.....	13 יחידת תרגול
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# Sentence Completions



## יחידת תרגול 1

1. A bicycle is \_\_\_\_ to ride; even young children can do it well.  
(1) easy                      (2) busy                      (3) tidy                      (4) high

---

2. The giraffe's long neck allows it to \_\_\_\_ leaves from the tops of trees.  
(1) wish                      (2) stay                      (3) sit                      (4) eat

---

3. Horseback riding can be dangerous; the rider might \_\_\_\_ off the horse.  
(1) tell                      (2) wash                      (3) fall                      (4) warm

---

4. Paris is the capital of France, and its \_\_\_\_ city, it is also the most visited city in the world.  
(1) softest                      (2) towel                      (3) empirical                      (4) largest

---

5. Most Sunflowers turn their heads eastwards, where the sunrise takes place each \_\_\_\_.  
(1) morning                      (2) game                      (3) night                      (4) plant

---

6. As summer ends and \_\_\_\_ comes, the days become shorter.  
(1) energy                      (2) autumn                      (3) beginning                      (4) daydream

---

7. Watching television for many hours every day can \_\_\_\_ the eyes.  
(1) start                      (2) harm                      (3) consider                      (4) create

---

8. The prehistoric man used animal skin to \_\_\_\_ his own body.  
(1) cover                      (2) drink                      (3) write                      (4) stop

---

9. Although beneficial to human health, chocolate can be \_\_\_\_ to animals.  
(1) responsible                      (2) positive                      (3) toxic                      (4) solid

---

10. Mozart was born in Salzburg, but \_\_\_\_ the major part of his life in Vienna.  
(1) attacked                      (2) drew                      (3) dictated                      (4) spent

**11.** The Italian artist Michelangelo decided to \_\_\_\_ a painter and a sculptor against his father's wishes.

- (1) behold                      (2) below                      (3) become                      (4) begin
- 

**12.** The donkey has long been a symbol of ignorance, but it is actually a \_\_\_\_ animal.

- (1) smart                      (2) close                      (3) silly                      (4) formal
- 

**13.** Sunblock helps \_\_\_\_ the skin from the sun's radiation.

- (1) detect                      (2) infect                      (3) protect                      (4) deject
- 

**14.** Potatoes' skins come in \_\_\_\_ colors; brown, yellow, pink, red and purple.

- (1) valuable                      (2) various                      (3) salted                      (4) tasty
- 

**15.** The computer has become an \_\_\_\_ device; almost every home has one.

- (1) imaginative                      (2) original                      (3) essential                      (4) inconvenient
- 

**16.** When the British first began to explore Africa, they often \_\_\_\_ young monkeys and took them back on board the ship to entertain sailors.

- (1) disliked                      (2) processed                      (3) clouded                      (4) captured
- 

**17.** In Ancient Rome salt was so \_\_\_\_ that it was used as money.

- (1) valuable                      (2) deranged                      (3) composed                      (4) disoriented
- 

**18.** The clock is one of the oldest human \_\_\_\_.

- (1) persuasions                      (2) preventions                      (3) inventions                      (4) diversions
- 

**19.** Cairo has long been known as the "Hollywood of the East"; over 100 movies are \_\_\_\_ there every year.

- (1) produced                      (2) protected                      (3) profound                      (4) prolonged
- 

**20.** The jigsaw puzzle was invented in the 1760's when the European map makers glued map pieces to a wooden slate and \_\_\_\_ it to small pieces.

- (1) pat                      (2) cut                      (3) waved                      (4) sailed
-



## תשובות ספיות

(1) <b>.17</b>	(3) <b>.13</b>	(3) <b>.9</b>	(1) <b>.5</b>	(1) <b>.1</b>
(3) <b>.18</b>	(2) <b>.14</b>	(4) <b>.10</b>	(2) <b>.6</b>	(4) <b>.2</b>
(1) <b>.19</b>	(3) <b>.15</b>	(3) <b>.11</b>	(2) <b>.7</b>	(3) <b>.3</b>
(2) <b>.20</b>	(4) <b>.16</b>	(1) <b>.12</b>	(1) <b>.8</b>	(4) <b>.4</b>

  
**יחידת תרגול 2**

- 21.** Emily didn't turn on the radio or television that day, so she didn't \_\_\_\_ the tornado warnings.  
(1) speak                      (2) hear                      (3) read                      (4) touch
- 
- 22.** There have always been men who wished they could \_\_\_\_ like birds.  
(1) machine                      (2) twinkle                      (3) fly                      (4) feather
- 
- 23.** The sailors saw a rock not far from the ship, but the wind was so \_\_\_\_ that they were driven onto it.  
(1) anxious                      (2) strong                      (3) smeared                      (4) drunk
- 
- 24.** The traveler had to climb down to the sea and walk \_\_\_\_ the narrow beach.  
(1) along                      (2) away                      (3) poorly                      (4) instead
- 
- 25.** Suddenly the boy slowed down, went up some stairs and \_\_\_\_ an apartment building.  
(1) accepted                      (2) betrayed                      (3) swam                      (4) entered
- 
- 26.** The tourists visited many interesting sights in Jerusalem, \_\_\_\_ the Western Wall and the Knesset.  
(1) inducing                      (2) incriminating                      (3) including                      (4) in spite of
- 
- 27.** Unnecessary experiments that \_\_\_\_ animals to suffer physically or mentally should not be conducted.  
(1) mistake                      (2) produce                      (3) cause                      (4) depend
- 
- 28.** The historic 1970 World Cup was one of the major international sports \_\_\_\_ of its time.  
(1) acrobats                      (2) events                      (3) malpractices                      (4) deviations
- 
- 29.** \_\_\_\_ people need sleep in order to rest from their work.  
(1) cardboard                      (2) most                      (3) lawn                      (4) dead
- 
- 30.** The rapid growth of the human population is crowding out many animal species, which now find their homes only in \_\_\_\_ nature reserves, parks and zoos.

- (1) protected      (2) corrupted      (3) fake      (4) mistaken
- 

**31.** Matriculation exams evaluate your knowledge of subjects studied at school, but universities \_\_\_\_ the results of the psychometric tests as well.

- (1) articulate      (2) require      (3) contribute      (4) detract
- 

**32.** The police are looking for a witness who can positively \_\_\_\_ the burglar.

- (1) integrate      (2) improve      (3) inhabit      (4) identify
- 

**33.** For most of us, sport is a pleasant, healthy and \_\_\_\_ pastime.

- (1) unified      (2) inactive      (3) rewarding      (4) defeating
- 

**34.** The \_\_\_\_ of the tiger's stripes is to draw the eye of its prey away from its body shape.

- (1) function      (2) friction      (3) fight      (4) fear
- 

**35.** As a result of the use of advanced technology, there has been \_\_\_\_ in car sales.

- (1) an access      (2) an increase      (3) a martyr      (4) an appearance
- 

**36.** Scientists are working on a memory chip that will be silicone coated and then \_\_\_\_ in the nervous system, behind the eye.

- (1) instigate      (2) outraged      (3) interrupted      (4) implanted
- 

**37.** Only three percent of convicted white people receive a prison sentence, \_\_\_\_ 51 percent of convicted African Americans receive a prison sentence.

- (1) whereas      (2) since      (3) because      (4) therefore
- 

**38.** Jet lag is a feeling of disorientation, fatigue and general \_\_\_\_ often felt by people after flying across time zones.

- (1) rejection      (2) misconduct      (3) disobedience      (4) discomfort
- 

**39.** An animal should not be kept as a pet \_\_\_\_ it can adapt easily to the lifestyle of its human owner.

- (1) unless      (2) introducing      (3) pursuing      (4) moreover
- 

**40.** Until recently, scientists \_\_\_\_ on the biological-physiological aspect of animals rather than their personality.

- (1) confused      (2) contradicted      (3) concentrated      (4) constructed
-



## תשובות סופיות

(1) .37	(3) .33	(2) .29	(4) .25	(2) .21
(4) .38	(1) .34	(1) .30	(3) .26	(3) .22
(1) .39	(2) .35	(2) .31	(3) .27	(2) .23
(3) .40	(4) .36	(4) .32	(2) .28	(1) .24

  
**יחידת תרגול 3**

- 41.** Early Indian tribes used blood to \_\_\_\_ their faces.  
 (1) paint                      (2) bottle                      (3) area                      (4) tree
- 
- 42.** There are some documented cases of babies that were \_\_\_\_ with teeth.  
 (1) barn                      (2) burn                      (3) born                      (4) board
- 
- 43.** The age of a tree can be determined by the \_\_\_\_ of its trunk.  
 (1) girth                      (2) higher                      (3) round                      (4) under
- 
- 44.** Studies show that babies \_\_\_\_ looking at round shapes in bold colors.  
 (1) pray                      (2) predict                      (3) prefer                      (4) presume
- 
- 45.** The human eye is \_\_\_\_ of detecting only colors within the range between ultra-violet and infra-red.  
 (1) capable                      (2) collapsed                      (3) impossible                      (4) edible
- 
- 46.** \_\_\_\_ Alaska is the largest state in the USA, it is also one of the least populated states.  
 (1) due to                      (2) since                      (3) although                      (4) therefore
- 
- 47.** The mating rituals of most \_\_\_\_ of animals are uniform and instinctive.  
 (1) spies                      (2) species                      (3) spring                      (4) split
- 
- 48.** It is very possible that within the next decade a woman will be \_\_\_\_ president of the United States of America.  
 (1) eliminated                      (2) elegant                      (3) elevated                      (4) elected
- 
- 49.** According to Judaism, there are 36 \_\_\_\_ men living on earth at any point in time.  
 (1) righteous                      (2) dead                      (3) rainy                      (4) fear
- 
- 50.** The art of Japanese tattooing requires no electrical \_\_\_\_ and is passed on from one generation to the next.  
 (1) vices                      (2) devices                      (3) revises                      (4) obesity
-

**51.** Some small fish feed on organic \_\_\_\_ found on larger fish.

- (1) residue            (2) resign            (3) resume            (4) rescue
- 

**52.** Scientists believe that today we know more geological facts about outer space than we do about the bottom of the ocean's \_\_\_\_.

- (1) abyss            (2) abhor            (3) abstract            (4) abbreviate
- 

**53.** Many vitamins found in vegetables are lost during the cooking \_\_\_\_.

- (1) providence            (2) protest            (3) province            (4) process
- 

**54.** In unarmed combat the \_\_\_\_ of the strike, more than its strength, determines the deadliness.

- (1) currency            (2) accuracy            (3) agency            (4) electricity
- 

**55.** Running applies pressure to the joints that can \_\_\_\_ to up to twice our body weight.

- (1) amount            (2) dismount            (3) remount            (4) paramount
- 

**56.** Many religious holidays are traditionally associated with either feasting or \_\_\_\_.

- (1) reeling            (2) resembling            (3) fasting            (4) dealing
- 

**57.** So far, researchers have not been successful in proving that \_\_\_\_ traits are hereditary.

- (1) prediction            (2) perilous            (3) personality            (4) permanency
- 

**58.** Many popular forms of art and entertainment were first established in lower classes of society and then spread to the \_\_\_\_ public.

- (1) federal            (2) several            (3) general            (4) corporeal
- 

**59.** Socialization is the process through which a person learns the \_\_\_\_ and values of the society in which he or she lives.

- (1) reeks            (2) bellows            (3) seagulls            (4) norms
- 

**60.** International treaties are legally binding for the countries that sign them, even though they are not accepted in the same \_\_\_\_ as regular laws.

- (1) manner            (2) manor            (3) mourner            (4) minor
-



## תשובות ספיות

(3) .57	(4) .53	(1) .49	(1) .45	(1) .41
(3) .58	(2) .54	(2) .50	(3) .46	(3) .42
(4) .59	(1) .55	(1) .51	(2) .47	(1) .43
(1) .60	(3) .56	(1) .52	(4) .48	(3) .44



## 4 יחידת תרגול

1. English and German belong to the same family of \_\_\_\_.  
(1) vegetables      (2) trees      (3) languages      (4) diseases

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2. Basketball was invented in 1891 \_\_\_\_ Dr. James Naismith from Massachusetts.  
(1) at      (2) in      (3) near      (4) by

---

3. Skirts are considered women's clothing, but in some cultures men \_\_\_\_ them as well.  
(1) wear      (2) lock      (3) work      (4) lie

---

4. Molière, the french playwright, died on stage \_\_\_\_ performing one of his plays.  
(1) if      (2) while      (3) beside      (4) since

---

5. Pablo Picasso wasn't the only artist in his family; his father was a \_\_\_\_ himself and taught at the School of Fine Arts and Crafts.  
(1) patriot      (2) dentist      (3) painter      (4) dictator

---

6. Although Israel's textile exports to the United States \_\_\_\_ last year, exports of medicine increased.  
(1) departed      (2) entered      (3) waited      (4) deceased

---

7. The sink was \_\_\_\_ with water and we had to call the plumber to fix it.  
(1) overflowing      (2) blowing      (3) growing      (4) undergoing

---

8. Although the boxer Mike Tyson was convicted on the charge of rape, his supporters claimed that he was \_\_\_\_.  
(1) surrounded      (2) innocent      (3) convenient      (4) understood

---



## תשובות סופיות

(3)	.5	(3)	.1
(4)	.6	(4)	.2
(1)	.7	(1)	.3
(2)	.8	(2)	.4




## יחידת תרגול 5

1. Near one of the rivers in Alaska lives a female bear that developed a special \_\_\_\_ for catching fish.  
 (1) message            (2) waste            (3) method            (4) octagon

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2. Most people agree that the weather \_\_\_\_ their mood.  
 (1) traps            (2) becomes            (3) affects            (4) attacks

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3. While children are still young, we can teach them to become \_\_\_\_ of their emotions and how to deal with them.  
 (1) aware            (2) interested            (3) consumed            (4) detached

---

4. In adapting himself to his new life he was quick enough to grasp any advantage it might \_\_\_\_.  
 (1) convince            (2) offer            (3) agree            (4) contaminate

---

5. The tiger stalks very close to its prey using a powerful sense of smell and sense of hearing \_\_\_\_ than sight.  
 (1) rather            (2) moreover            (3) often            (4) in spite of

---

6. The number of women filling executive positions in government offices is \_\_\_\_.  
 (1) unconscious            (2) excluded            (3) degraded            (4) increasing

---

7. \_\_\_\_ Beethoven became deaf, he went on composing musical masterpieces.  
 (1) rather            (2) although            (3) moreover            (4) because

---

8. Those who are active in sports as kids, feel greater confidence and \_\_\_\_ as adults.  
 (1) self-esteem            (2) self-destruction            (3) self-centered            (4) self-denial

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## תשובות סופיות

(1) .5	(3) .1
(4) .6	(3) .2
(2) .7	(1) .3
(1) .8	(2) .4




## יחידת תרגול 6

1. The Bible is the \_\_\_\_ selling book of all times.  
 (1) end                      (2) best                      (3) tall                      (4) field

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2. The Cuckoo lays its eggs in the \_\_\_\_ of other birds.  
 (1) ropes                      (2) doors                      (3) nests                      (4) sky

---

3. \_\_\_\_ its heavy weight , the rhinoceros is capable of running at great speed .  
 (1) along                      (2) biannual                      (3) causing                      (4) despite

---

4. Agricultural \_\_\_\_ are one of Israel's greatest exports.  
 (1) fears                      (2) affections                      (3) coins                      (4) products

---

5. Eucalyptus can be used as an herbal \_\_\_\_ for Asthma.  
 (1) remedy                      (2) navigator                      (3) contagious                      (4) stagger

---

6. Studies of apes show that lack of physical \_\_\_\_ has a more damaging effect on a baby than does lack of food.  
 (1) drama                      (2) contradiction                      (3) condescension                      (4) contact

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7. An electric \_\_\_\_ always flows in one direction - from the power source's negative pole, to its positive one.  
 (1) calf                      (2) current                      (3) corruption                      (4) curl

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8. The domestication of roosters may cause their crows to become \_\_\_\_, since they lose track of natural sleeping hours.  
 (1) punctual                      (2) erratic                      (3) aquatic                      (4) distinguished

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## תשובות סופיות

(1) .5	(2) .1
(4) .6	(3) .2
(2) .7	(4) .3
(2) .8	(4) .4



יחידת תרגול 7

1. Light travels \_\_\_\_ than sound.  
(1) car                      (2) thunder                      (3) faster                      (4) speed
- 
2. Gambia is the smallest \_\_\_\_ in Africa.  
(1) pin                      (2) country                      (3) people                      (4) thin
- 
3. Although nowadays many people download music from the Internet, statistics show that record sales have not \_\_\_\_.  
(1) increased                      (2) recorded                      (3) listened                      (4) dropped
- 
4. Large reserves of water often appear blue or green because the sky is \_\_\_\_ in them.  
(1) regained                      (2) reflected                      (3) resided                      (4) refined
- 
5. The Olympic games were \_\_\_\_ by the ancient Greeks, and were named after the city of "Olympia".  
(1) punished                      (2) furnished                      (3) established                      (4) extinguished
- 
6. Approximately 52 percent of the earth's \_\_\_\_ are females.  
(1) ration                      (2) donation                      (3) population                      (4) manifestation
- 
7. Some sociologists refer to science as "The New Religion" due to the significant affect it has on \_\_\_\_ opinion.  
(1) public                      (2) no one's                      (3) pungent                      (4) past
- 
8. In the past decade there has been a \_\_\_\_ increase in alcohol consumption among teenagers.  
(1) stroll                      (2) striking                      (3) stifling                      (4) strenuous
-



## תשובות סופיות

(3)	.5	(3)	.1
(3)	.6	(2)	.2
(1)	.7	(4)	.3
(2)	.8	(2)	.4



יחידת תרגול 8 

1. Captain Hook is Peter Pan's \_\_\_\_ enemy.  
 (1) armchair            (2) globe            (3) worst            (4) bell

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2. Spectacles, or glasses, were already in use as \_\_\_\_ as Emperor Nero's time.  
 (1) early            (2) worse            (3) always            (4) slowly

---

3. Beethoven wrote his most significant piece, The Ninth Symphony, when he was \_\_\_\_ deaf.  
 (1) already            (2) albeit            (3) albino            (4) nothing

---

4. Humans and animals control their body \_\_\_\_ by sweating.  
 (1) firing            (2) stocks            (3) temperature            (4) serve

---

5. Mistakes \_\_\_\_ when we do not learn from them.  
 (1) commerce            (2) fissure            (3) recur            (4) clean

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6. As is the case with humans, a \_\_\_\_ elephant usually carries only one embryo in her uterus.  
 (1) suffocated            (2) balloon            (3) famous            (4) female

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7. The great Italian opera composer, Gioacchino Rossini had two great \_\_\_\_ in his life: music and cooking.  
 (1) butterflies            (2) passions            (3) alliances            (4) diamonds

---

8. In places where pollution \_\_\_\_ are high, taking part in sports activities is considered unhealthy.  
 (1) raves            (2) rests            (3) rails            (4) rates

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## תשובות סופיות

(3)	.5	(3)	.1
(4)	.6	(1)	.2
(2)	.7	(1)	.3
(4)	.8	(3)	.4

# Restatements



## יחידת תרגול 1

1. Travelers checks, credit cards and cash are accepted for purchases and admission at *Disneyland*.
  - (1) If you don't have Travelers checks, credit cards and cash, you can't get into *Disneyland*.
  - (2) *Disneyland* is the only place that takes Travelers checks, credit cards and cash.
  - (3) At *Disneyland*, you can pay using Travelers checks, credit cards or cash.
  - (4) People are expected to purchase Travelers checks, credit cards and cash at *Disneyland*.

---
2. You'll only be allowed to enter the restaurant if you wear a jacket and a tie.
  - (1) Entering the restaurant is not allowed if you're wearing a jacket and tie.
  - (2) Wearing a jacket and tie is not allowed when entering the restaurant.
  - (3) Wearing a jacket and tie is permitted only when entering the restaurant.
  - (4) You will not be permitted to enter the restaurant if you don't wear a jacket and tie.

---
3. You should use your last year or two in school to find out about different jobs and also make sure that you are getting the qualifications you need for the job you want.
  - (1) In the last year or two at school, you should focus on the different jobs available rather than your qualifications.
  - (2) It is advisable, in the last two years of school, to find out about different jobs as well as to make sure that you meet the conditions for the job you choose.
  - (3) Making sure that you get the qualifications you need for the job you want is what you should be occupied with in the last year in school.
  - (4) Make sure that you get the qualifications you need during the last year or two in school.

---
4. Naturally enough, at times of war, people have always tried to get away from battle zones and advancing armies.
  - (1) It is obvious that people try to avoid battle zones and armies during war.
  - (2) It is natural for people to advance armies and battle zones in their attempts to get away from them at times of war.
  - (3) At times of war, armies naturally advance and try to get away from battle zones.
  - (4) Obviously, people avoid battle zones as they try to get to the army during the war.

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**5.** People come to Nature Park to watch the dolphins and whales display their agility and intelligence.

- (1) Due to the fact that dolphins and whales are so agile and intelligent, people come to Nature Park to watch them.
  - (2) People are very flexible and intelligent, which is why they come to watch dolphins and whales Nature Park.
  - (3) The reason people come to Nature Park is to see how clever and supple the dolphins and whales are.
  - (4) Dolphins and whales are the only flexible and intelligent creatures at Nature Park that people come to watch.
- 

**6.** At university today we heard a lecture by a government official about the current economic situation in the country.

- (1) A government official came to speak to us at university today about the economic situation in the country in the present.
  - (2) Today at university, a government official gave a lecture on foreign currency in our country.
  - (3) The current economic situation and government officials in the country were discussed by a lecturer today.
  - (4) We heard that a government official would give a lecture today on the current economic situation in the country.
- 

**7.** Louis Pasteur was a French microbiologist and chemist best known for demonstrating how to prevent milk and wine from going sour - a process that came to be called pasteurization.

- (1) Because Louis Pasteur was a French microbiologist and chemist, he demonstrated pasteurization, demonstrating how to prevent milk and wine from going sour.
  - (2) Pasteurization is a process that prevents milk and wine from going sour which was invented in France by a group of chemists and microbiologists.
  - (3) Pasteurization was named after Louis Pasteur because he invented the process of turning milk into wine.
  - (4) The French microbiologist and chemist, Louis Pasteur, is best known for his work on pasteurization, a process preventing milk and wine from turning sour.
- 

**8.** Some herbs are thought to help in boosting the immune system and fighting different infections within the body.

- (1) Some people think that boosting the immune system and fighting different infections within the body can be done without any herbs.
  - (2) It is thought that some herbs are able to help boost the immune system and ward off various infections in the body.
  - (3) Boosting the immune system and fighting various infections in the body are thought to help some herbs.
  - (4) Some herbs boost their immune system and fight different infections within their body.
-

- 9.** At last, after a month of agony, on the last day of his vacation, he passed away.
- (1) After a lengthy period of time, he passed away on the last day of his vacation.
  - (2) He finally died on the last day of his vacation after having suffered for a month.
  - (3) After being in agony for a month, he finally passed his last day of vacation.
  - (4) He died because of his agony on the last day of the month after having been there for a month.
- 

- 10.** If the radar beam encounters a wall, curb, or vehicle while the driver is trying to park, an alarm sounds.
- (1) If the alarm does not sound, it is an indication that the driver trying to park has encountered a wall, curb, or vehicle.
  - (2) While the driver is trying to park, the radar beam encounters a wall, curb, or vehicle, and an alarm sounds.
  - (3) While the driver is trying to park, an alarm will go off if the radar beam senses a wall, curb, or vehicle.
  - (4) An alarm sounds every time the driver is using the radar beam to detect a wall, curb, or vehicle.
-



## תשובות ספיות

(1) .6	(3) .1
(4) .7	(4) .2
(2) .8	(2) .3
(2) .9	(1) .4
(3) .10	(3) .5

  
**יחידת תרגול 2**

---

**11.** Domestic cats evolved to see in the dark and do much of their hunting at night.

- (1) Cats are domestic animals and thus can see in the dark and hunt at night.
  - (2) No other animal other than the cat can see and therefore hunt at night.
  - (3) Only wild cats see in the dark, thus doing much of their hunting at night.
  - (4) Pet cats have developed to the point where they can see in the dark and therefore do a lot of their hunting at night.
- 

**12.** Singing in the rain was one of Gene Kelly's favorite past times.

- (1) Gene Kelly enjoyed singing in the rain and did it often.
  - (2) There was nothing Gene Kelly liked better than singing on a rainy day.
  - (3) Gene Kelly liked singing in the rain to pass the time.
  - (4) Gene Kelly didn't like singing when it wasn't raining.
- 

**13.** Migratory birds travel to warmer climates in the fall.

- (1) During migration to warmer climates, birds travel and sometimes fall.
  - (2) In the autumn migratory birds begin traveling to warmer destinations.
  - (3) Migratory birds prefer warmer climates and tend to seek out these places throughout the year.
  - (4) All birds travel to warmer climates in the fall.
- 

**14.** Grapefruits and oranges are both citrus fruits, but the former are oval and the latter are round.

- (1) Although they are both citrus fruits, grapefruits bear fruit later than lemons do.
  - (2) Fruits can be different in color, shape and texture, unless they are citrus fruits.
  - (3) Grapefruits and lemons do not look alike due to the fact that they are both citrus fruits.
  - (4) The difference between grapefruits and lemons, which are both citrus fruits, is their shape: a grapefruit is oval and a lemon has a round shape.
- 

**15.** If it were not for all the equipment they carry, rock climbers would probably not reach the peak of the mountains.

- (1) Equipment is an important factor in rock climbing, without it rock climbers would most likely not reach the top of the mountains.
  - (2) Rock climbers reach the peak of the mountains despite the fact they carry a lot of heavy equipment.
  - (3) Although they carry a lot of equipment, rock climbers have difficulty reaching the top of the mountains.
  - (4) Rock climbers achieve their goal of reaching the mountaintops due to the fact that they do not carry a lot of equipment.
-

**16.** Barbie dolls have gone through many changes throughout the years according to the changes in the ideal beauty and fashion trends.

- (1) The Barbie doll of today does not look the same as those of previous years due to the fact that manufactures are influenced by the changes in fashion and beauty.
  - (2) Barbie dolls were always very fashionable and influenced public opinion about beauty and style.
  - (3) Although beauty ideals and fashion trends have changed in recent years, the Barbie went through major changes throughout the years.
  - (4) Despite the many changes in style and beauty throughout the years, Barbie dolls have not changed much.
- 

**17.** The death penalty is becoming more and more uncommon, even in places in the United States where it is currently accepted.

- (1) More and more death penalties are being executed in the United States, although they are not accepted in several parts of the country.
  - (2) The death penalty is common in several places in the United States, but it is not accepted in the rest of the world.
  - (3) The public opinion in some parts of the United States is against the death penalty, and therefore it is rare in those places.
  - (4) Even in places in the United States where the death penalty is still accepted, it is being carried out less frequently.
- 

**18.** European women in the higher societies of the 18<sup>th</sup> century were obliged to follow the norms of reserve and decorum.

- (1) Tall women who lived in Europe of the 18<sup>th</sup> century had to follow their fellow women who were chaste and well behaved.
  - (2) Chastity and decorum were demanded of men and women alike in Europe of the 18<sup>th</sup> century.
  - (3) Higher class women who lived in Europe in the 18<sup>th</sup> century were expected to demonstrate modesty and good manners.
  - (4) Women in higher societies in Europe 300 years ago were preserved and decorated.
- 

**19.** Anton Bruckner was not aware of his own worth, and at the age of sixty was still making changes to his music in accordance with remarks from mediocre fellow musicians.

- (1) Only later in life, when he was around sixty years of age, did Anton Bruckner realize his worth, despite remarks from less talented fellow musicians.
  - (2) Bruckner's compositions were superior to those of his friends, thus enabling him to give them worthy advice at the age of sixty.
  - (3) Although not as talented and as experienced, Anton Bruckner valued the comments of his fellow musicians and changed his music accordingly, suggesting that he undervalued himself.
  - (4) Bruckner's friends wanted to help him write better music, and therefore commented on his pieces, after not making any changes to his work up to the age of sixty.
-

- 20.** Although written approximately 350 years apart, *Romeo and Juliet* and *West Side Story* deal with the same dilemma: the objection to the union of young lovers who belong to rival groups or families and the fatal outcome.
- (1) Only deadly results can come out of a situation where rival groups and families that delay the resolution on whether to allow young lovers to marry - that is the moral of *Romeo and Juliet* and *West Side Story*, which were written hundreds of years apart.
  - (2) Had young lovers been allowed to reunite by their families or close society in the plays *Romeo and Juliet* and *West Side Story* the deadly outcome would have been prevented.
  - (3) Despite the fact that they were written 350 years apart, *Romeo and Juliet* and *West Side Story* deal with the same problem: uniting two families or groups and reviving two young lovers who died a horrible death.
  - (4) Two young lovers faced with opposition to their marriage by their families or contesting groups is central to the plot of both *Romeo and Juliet* and *West Side Story*, written 350 years apart, and both of which end in death.
-



## תשובות ספיות

(1) .16	(4) .11
(4) .17	(1) .12
(3) .18	(2) .13
(3) .19	(4) .14
(4) .20	(1) .15

  
**יחידת תרגול 3**

**21.** Although no one can be sure of the outcome of the elections, almost everyone believes that the best man will win.

- (1) Due to the fact that most people believe that the best man will win, no one can be sure of the outcome of the elections.
- (2) Because almost everyone believes that the best man will win, no one can be sure of the outcome of the elections.
- (3) Almost everyone believes that the best man will win, thus no one can be sure of the results of the election.
- (4) Most people believe that the best person will win the elections, even though no one can be certain of the result.

---

**22.** As a result of the use of advanced technology, there has been an increase in car sales.

- (1) Car sales increased due to advanced technology.
- (2) An increase in car sales has resulted in the use of advanced technology.
- (3) Car sales have increased the use of advanced technology.
- (4) More cars being sold resulted in the use of advanced technology.

---

**23.** A grouchy youngster may improve his mood if he/she becomes aware of the reasons for this bad mood.

- (1) Being aware of his mood may improve a youngster's reasons for being grouchy.
- (2) Wearing clothes can turn youngsters into grouchy, moody human beings.
- (3) Grouchy youngsters need to be aware of improving the reasons for their bad mood.
- (4) A young person's bad mood may be improved by him being conscious of the reasons for his mood.

---

**24.** Mr. Jones did not know how to tell a lie, not even a white lie, which resulted in his awful fate.

- (1) Mr Jones' dreadful destiny was due to the fact that he did not know how to tell a lie, even a white lie.
  - (2) Mr Jones' awful fate was that he could not tell a lie, not even a white lie.
  - (3) Not being able to tell a lie, not even a white lie, was Mr Jones' awful fate.
  - (4) Telling a white lie is what resulted in Mr Jones' awful fate.
-

**25.** You can permanently readjust your body's clock by going to bed and waking up later than what you are used to.

- (1) Going to bed earlier and waking up later can result in your permanently readjusting your body's clock.
  - (2) Getting used to getting out of bed earlier and going to bed later can adjust your biological clock permanently.
  - (3) Going to bed and waking up later than you are accustomed to can readjust your body's clock permanently.
  - (4) Permanently readjusting your body's clock can be done by going to bed later and waking up earlier than you are accustomed to.
- 

**26.** Hartmann concluded that long sleepers spend nearly twice as much time as others in REM (rapid eye movement) sleep - a state in which the brain is as active as in full consciousness.

- (1) According to Hartmann, REM is a state in which the brain of long sleepers is as active as in full consciousness.
  - (2) According to Hartmann, most sleepers spend approximately half as much time in REM as long sleepers.
  - (3) Due to the fact that long sleepers spend nearly twice as much time as others in REM, Hartmann concluded that their brain is as active as in full consciousness.
  - (4) Although long sleepers spend nearly twice as much time as others in REM, Hartmann concluded that their brain is not as active as in full consciousness.
- 

**27.** Freud called dreams "the royal road to the unconscious", whereas before that dreams had been regarded largely as supernatural forces.

- (1) According to Freud, dreams are "the royal road to the unconscious", even though they were regarded later as supernatural forces.
  - (2) Before dreams were proven to be supernatural forces, Freud called them "the royal road to the unconscious".
  - (3) Dreams were regarded mostly as supernatural forces until Freud suggested that they were "the royal road to the unconscious".
  - (4) Dreams had been regarded largely as supernatural forces due to the fact that Freud called them "the royal road to the unconscious".
- 

**28.** Among the disadvantages of employing illegal immigrants is the fact that they require social services, which are costly, and the crime rate increases along with the risk of terrorism.

- (1) Illegal immigrants have their advantages that include their requirement for costly social services and the increase in crime rate as well as in terrorism rate they bring about.
  - (2) Some of the advantages of employing illegal immigrants are costly social services as well as increased crime rates and terrorism.
  - (3) Costly social services, an increase in crime rate and the risk of terrorism are among the disadvantages of employing illegal immigrants.
  - (4) Employing illegal immigrants has its disadvantages in that they do not require costly social services, and decrease the crime rate and the risk of terrorism.
-

- 29.** It has been found that countries such as China and India are becoming “new consumers”, resulting in another 1 billion people providing huge opportunities for business over the next decade.
- (1) Due to the fact that China and India are becoming the “new consumers”, another 1 million people will find business opportunities over the next decade.
  - (2) Another 1 billion people will provide huge opportunities for business over the next ten years due to the fact that it has been found that China and India are becoming “new consumers”.
  - (3) Predictions are that another 1 billion people will provide huge opportunities for business over the next decade, thus countries such as China and India will become the “new consumers”.
  - (4) China and India will be providing huge opportunities for “new consumers” over the next decade, resulting in huge opportunities for 1 billion people.
- 
- 30.** Owing to the little effort on the part of the government to educate the public, the myths about GM foods have yet to be replaced with real information.
- (1) The myths about GM foods being replaced by real information is due to the fact that the government has made a huge effort to educate the public.
  - (2) The government educating the public has resulted in myths about GM foods being replaced with real information.
  - (3) Myths about GM food have not been replaced with real information due to the fact that the government has not made enough effort to educate the public.
  - (4) Due to the fact that effort is being made by the government to educate the public, there are still myths about GM foods instead of real information.
-



## תשובות ספיות

(2) .26	(4) .21
(3) .27	(1) .22
(3) .28	(4) .23
(2) .29	(1) .24
(3) .30	(3) .25



## יחידת תרגול 4

**31.** If the plane to New-York hadn't been delayed due to bad weather, we would not have been late.

- (1) Although the plane to New York-was late, we were on time.
- (2) The bad weather during our flight to New-York made us late.
- (3) The bad weather did not interfere with the plane's arrival to New-York.
- (4) We were not late although the weather was bad in New-York.

**32.** In the summer, off the eastern coast of Canada, humpback whales gather in large groups or "schools" as they are called.

- (1) Humpback whales are called "schools" and gather in the summer off the eastern coast of Canada.
- (2) Off the eastern coast of Canada in summer, school children gather to see large groups of humpback whales.
- (3) Humpback whales go to schools off the eastern coast of Canada during the summer.
- (4) Schools, which are large groups, of humpback whales gather off the east coast of Canada during summertime.

**33.** In the spring of 1997, Professor Nehama Leibowitz, winner of the Israel Prize for Biblical research, passed away in Jerusalem.

- (1) Professor Nehama Leibowitz passed up the Israel Prize for Biblical research in the spring of 1997 in Jerusalem.
- (2) Winner of the Israel Prize for Biblical research, Professor Nehama Leibowitz, died in Jerusalem in the spring of 1997.
- (3) The Israel Prize for Biblical research was passed on to Professor Nehama Leibowitz in the spring of 1997 in Jerusalem.
- (4) Professor Nehama Leibowitz won the Israel Prize for Biblical research in the spring of 1997 in Jerusalem.

**34.** Studies have shown that teenagers who are physically active are happier with their personalities and appearances than those who do not exercise.

- (1) According to studies, physically active teenagers are happier to exercise in order to improve their personalities and appearances.
- (2) According to studies, some teenagers are happy with their personalities and appearances and some are physically active.
- (3) It has been found that teenagers who are happier with their personalities and appearances are those who exercise.
- (4) Teenagers who are physically active are happier to study than those who do not exercise.

**35.** DSPS is a fairly common sleep disorder whereby people tend to fall asleep very late by normal standards and also have difficulty waking up in time for work.

- (1) People who have the tendency to fall asleep very late and have difficulty waking up in time for work suffer from a common sleep disorder called DSPS.
  - (2) A sleep disorder, called DSPS, is a rare disorder whereby people fall asleep late and have difficulty waking up in time for work.
  - (3) People who fall asleep late and therefore find it difficult to wake up in time for work suffer from a sleep disorder other than DSPS.
  - (4) DSPS describes a sleep disorder whereby people fall asleep early and also have difficulty waking up in time for work.
- 

**36.** Since many economists are convinced that Japan will be the world's leading industrial nation in the 21<sup>st</sup> century, more businessmen are starting to learn Japanese.

- (1) Japanese will be the world's leading industrial language in the 21<sup>st</sup> century, thus more economists are starting to visit Japan.
  - (2) More businessmen are starting to learn Japanese due to the fact that many economists predict that Japan will be the leading industrial nation in the 21<sup>st</sup> century.
  - (3) Due to the fact that more businessmen are starting to learn Japanese, many economists are convinced that Japan will be the world's leading industrial nation in the 21<sup>st</sup> century.
  - (4) Economists predict that more businessmen will start learning Japanese, thus making Japan the world's leading industrial nation in the 21<sup>st</sup> century.
- 

**37.** Scientists say that within thirty years, using a memory chip, we will be able to bring back the dead, in a sense, by seeing all their life experiences on a monitor.

- (1) It has been claimed by scientists that, in a way, we will be able to bring back the dead, because we will be able to see their life experiences on a monitor by using a memory chip.
  - (2) Within thirty years, scientists will use a memory chip to bring back the dead onto a monitor.
  - (3) Scientists will be able to bring back the dead and by using a memory chip we will be able to see them on a monitor.
  - (4) Within thirty years scientists will be able to use a memory chip to bring back the monitor in which we see the dead.
- 

**38.** Despite the urgent need for a solution to world hunger, companies have bowed to the pressure of environmental groups that oppose GM foods.

- (1) Companies have bowed to the pressure of environmental groups that oppose GM foods because there is an urgent need for a solution to world hunger.
  - (2) Despite companies having bowed to the pressure of environmental groups that oppose GM foods, world hunger has become an urgent need.
  - (3) Companies have given in to the pressure of environmental groups that are against GM foods even though there is an urgent need to find a solution to world hunger.
  - (4) The pressure of environmental groups to oppose GM foods has resulted in companies feeling hungry.
-

**39.** It has been predicted that by mid-century, genetically engineered agriculture will supply the world's food and help clean up and maintain a healthy environment long into the future.

- (1) Genetically engineered agriculture will predict the supply of the world's food and help clean up and maintain a healthy environment by the mid-century.
- (2) In the past it has been predicted that the world's food will help clean up and maintain a healthy environment due to agricultural engineers.
- (3) It is well known that in the future, by mid-century, the world's food and a clean environment will depend on predictions and not on genetically engineered agriculture.
- (4) According to predictions, by the middle of the century the world's food will be supplied by genetically engineered agriculture, which will also help clean up and preserve a healthy environment in the future

---

**40.** Future legislation is expected to plug the "loophole" that permits people to become United States citizens simply by being born there.

- (1) It is expected that future legislation will prevent people from becoming United States citizens solely on the basis of having being born there.
  - (2) Permitting people to become United States citizens due to the fact that they were born there is expected to be a "loophole" in future legislation.
  - (3) The "loophole" of future legislation is expected to permit people to become United States citizens only if they were born there.
  - (4) It is expected that legislation in the future will provide "loopholes" permitting people to become United States citizens if they were born there.
-



## תשובות ספיות

(2) .36	(2) .31
(1) .37	(4) .32
(3) .38	(2) .33
(4) .39	(3) .34
(1) .40	(1) .35



  
**יחידת תרגול 5**

1. By sending a donation, no matter how small, you will be helping to fight cancer.
  - (1) You can help fight cancer by sending a donation, even if it is a small donation.
  - (2) Helping to fight cancer can be done by sending a small donation rather than a big donation.
  - (3) Only a small donation can help fight cancer.
  - (4) Sending a big donation, as opposed to sending a small donation, will not help in fighting cancer.

---
2. Many of the victims injured at the World Cup match in Guatemala City were children, who were crushed as they tried to escape from the overcrowded stands.
  - (1) At the World Cup match in Guatemala City, many of the victims were children who were trampled on as they tried to escape the overcrowded stands.
  - (2) Many of the children crushed other spectators at the World Cup match in Guatemala City and injured them as they tried to escape from the overcrowded stands.
  - (3) Overcrowded stands resulted in many of the children trying to escape and being injured at the World Cup match in Guatemala City.
  - (4) Many victims injured children as they tried to escape from the overcrowded stands at the World Cup match in Guatemala City.

---
3. Since the only way we can see ourselves is by looking at a mirror, we think that this is what we look like.
  - (1) Looking at a mirror is the only way we can see ourselves since we think that this is what we look like.
  - (2) We think that looking in the mirror is the only way we can see ourselves, thus we like the way we look.
  - (3) Due to the fact that looking in the mirror is the only way we can see ourselves, we think that this is what we look like.
  - (4) After looking at a mirror we know the only way we can see ourselves is by looking at it again.

---

4. Scientists recently decoded the genome for rice, and using this knowledge they plan to enhance the level of minerals and vitamins in rice in order to fight malnutrition in the Third World.
- (1) Having recently decoded the genome for rice, scientists plan to improve the level of minerals and vitamins in rice with the knowledge of fighting malnutrition in the Third World.
  - (2) Malnutrition in the Third World can be fought by decoding the genome for rice and not by enhancing the level of minerals and vitamins in rice.
  - (3) Fighting malnutrition in the Third World can be done with the knowledge gained in improving the level of minerals and vitamins in rice without decoding the genome for rice.
  - (4) Using the knowledge gained from having recently decoded the genome for rice, scientists plan to fight malnutrition in the Third World by improving the level of minerals and vitamins in rice.



## תשובות סופיות

(1)	.1
(1)	.2
(3)	.3
(4)	.4



## 6 יחידת תרגול

5. In spite of his experience in teaching, he was not hired for the job.
- (1) Due to his experience in teaching, he was not hired for the job.
  - (2) Although he had experience in teaching he was not hired for the job.
  - (3) Even though he was a great teacher, he was hired for the job.
  - (4) He was not hired for the job and did not have experience in teaching either.
- 
6. At the end of the nineteenth century, interest in Antarctica grew, so that an increasing number of expeditions set out to explore the continent.
- (1) Interest in Antarctica grew at the end of the nineteenth century although an increasing number of expeditions set out to explore the continent.
  - (2) An increasing number of expeditions set out to explore Antarctica at the end of the nineteenth century due to the fact that interest in the area grew.
  - (3) Because an increasing number of expeditions set out to explore Antarctica, interest in the area grew at the end of the nineteenth century.
  - (4) At the end of the nineteenth century an increasing number of expeditions set out to explore Antarctica despite the fact that interest in area grew.
- 
7. Not only is it possible to add digital captions under photos with the help of professional computer programs nowadays, it is also possible to make changes to the hair or eye color of the person in the picture.
- (1) It is possible to add digital captions under photos, while it is not possible to make changes to a person's hair or eye color in today's professional computer programs.
  - (2) Even though it is not possible to add digital captions under photos, it is possible to make changes to a person's hair or eye color in today's professional computer programs.
  - (3) In professional computer programs it is possible to make changes in a person's hair or eye color, even though it is not possible to add digital captions under photos.
  - (4) Making changes to a person's hair and eye color in a picture in today's professional computer programs is possible, as well as being able to add digital captions under the photos.
- 
8. Special massages are given to help individuals who spent hours in an airline seat, and are suffering as a result from discomfort in their muscles.
- (1) People suffer discomfort in airplanes as a result of the special massages that are offered to them by the airline.

- (2) Individuals who are suffering from having spent hours in an airline seat and therefore experience discomfort in their muscles give special massages.
- (3) Individuals who have spent hours in an airline seat and are thus suffering from discomfort in their muscles are given special massages.
- (4) Individuals who get special massages are offered to spend hours in an airline seat and experience discomfort.



## תשובות ספיות

(2)	.5
(2)	.6
(4)	.7
(3)	.8



## יחידת תרגול 7

- 
- 1.** Some parents do not expect their children to memorize facts, but rather to get to the results through experimentation.
- (2) Some parents expect their children to get to the results through experimentation instead of memorizing facts.
  - (2) Getting to the results through memorizing facts instead of experimentation is what some parents expect of their children.
  - (3) Rather than getting to the results through experimentation, some parents expect their children to memorize facts.
  - (4) After getting to the results through experimentation, some parents expect their kids to memorize facts.
- 
- 2.** Prevented from finding honest work, many troublesome young people are forced instead into crime or illegal employment.
- (1) Being forced into crime and illegal employment prevents troublesome young people from finding honest work.
  - (2) Although troublesome young people cannot find work, they are forced instead into crime or illegal employment.
  - (3) Due to the fact that troublesome young people cannot find honest work, they are forced into crime or illegal employment.
  - (4) Honest work prevents troublesome young people from finding illegal employment.
- 
- 3.** The first widespread use of genetically engineered products is likely to come in the chemical industry for manufacturing plastics, fibers and fuels to replace petroleum.
- (1) Genetically engineered crops are likely to be the first widespread industry for manufacturing petroleum to replace plastics, fibers and fuels.
  - (2) The chemical industry is expected to be the first area to see the widespread use of genetically engineered crops manufacturing plastics, fibers and fuels in order to replace petroleum.
  - (3) Replacing petroleum is the sole cause of the widespread genetically engineered crops and it already done by manufacturing plastics, fibers and fuels.
  - (4) The first chemical industry genetically engineered crops by manufacturing plastics, fibers and fuels to replace several substances, including petroleum.
-

4. Education is the key: if more people were aware of the danger to the environment and its wildlife, then perhaps they would do more to help organizations like Greenpeace.
- (1) Through education and an understanding that the environment and its wildlife are in danger, maybe more people would do more to help organizations like Greenpeace.
  - (2) Greenpeace would have more people to help if the organization would have educated them and made them more aware of the danger to the environment and its wildlife.
  - (3) If more people were aware of the danger to the environment and its wildlife they would be keener on educating organizations like Greenpeace.
  - (4) Education is the key in helping organizations like Greenpeace and making them aware of the danger to the environment and its wildlife.



## תשובות ספיות

(1)	.1
(3)	.2
(2)	.3
(1)	.4



## יחידת תרגול 8

5. Many people argue that selling fur is immoral, and therefore should be banned.
- (1) Many people argue that selling fur is immoral, and it has therefore been banned.
  - (2) A large number of people argue that selling fur is morally wrong, and should therefore not be allowed.
  - (3) Most people argue that since selling fur is morally acceptable, it should therefore be banned.
  - (4) Many people argue that although selling fur is moral, it should be banned.
- 
6. Not only do we hear more about fighting - and even shooting - on school grounds, but we find the violence occurring among younger and younger children.
- (1) Violence occurs among younger and younger children, but only where we hear about fighting and even shooting on school grounds.
  - (2) Added to the fact that we hear more about fighting as well as shooting on school grounds, violence also takes place among younger and younger children.
  - (3) Apart from the fact that younger and younger children resort to violence, we never hear about fighting and shooting on school grounds.
  - (4) We hear less about fighting and even shooting on school grounds including younger and younger children.
- 
7. As things stand today, people who wish to gamble do so illegally, meaning that all the profits end up in the hands of criminals.
- (1) As things stand today, profits end up in the hands of criminals and those who wish to gamble illegally.
  - (2) People who wish to gamble profit illegally and end up in the hands of criminals.
  - (3) Currently, people who wish to gamble profit from criminals due to the fact that they gamble illegally.
  - (4) Due to the current situation, gambling profits end up in the hands of criminals due to the fact that people who wish to gamble do so illegally.
- 
8. There is no indication that people motivated to murder out of poverty, rage or politics are less likely to do so because they will be executed if they are caught.
- (1) Poverty, rage and politics are less likely reasons for people to murder if they are executed if caught.
  - (2) Being executed if caught is the primary motivation to murder out of poverty, rage or politics.
  - (3) Motivations of poverty, rage or politics are no indication for people to be executed if they are caught, especially if they are not extremely motivated.
  - (4) There is nothing to suggest that being executed if caught makes people less likely to murder as a result of poverty, rage or politics.



## תשובות סופיות

(2)	.5
(2)	.6
(4)	.7
(4)	.8



## יחידת תרגול 9

1. Although they are very young, small children can understand most words spoken by adults.
  - (1) If you understand everything older people say then you must be a very young child.
  - (2) Understanding what adults say is a skill that is not mastered by young children.
  - (3) The fact that they are very young does not prevent small children from understanding most words spoken by adults.
  - (4) Understanding what adults say is one of the things small children do bes

---
2. Unlike humans, birds have two sets of vocal chords that produce the lovely sound we recognize as bird song.
  - (1) Singing birds produce one set of vocal chords, while human beings produce only two.
  - (2) Humans who do not have two sets of vocal chords can't recognize the beautiful sounds that birds make.
  - (3) The lovely sound of bird song is the result of birds having two sets of vocal chords, not like humans.
  - (4) One set of vocal chords is not enough to produce the lovely sound made by singing humans.

---
3. Although Catholic priests are not encouraged to marry, marriage between a man and a woman is considered to be sacred according to the Christian belief.
  - (1) The church opposes relationships between men and women, thus making it difficult for priests to find partners for marriage.
  - (2) Christians can marry whoever they want, although the church may not encourage them to do so.
  - (3) Men and women may be encouraged by the Jewish point of view regarding relationships, while they may not approve of the Christian view of marriage.
  - (4) Marriage is sacred for Catholics, even though Catholic priests are not permitted to marry.

---
4. Christianity is the predominant religion in New Zealand, although nearly 40% of the population has no religious affiliation.
  - (1) New Zealand is a very dominant region in the Christian world, even though 40% of its population belongs to different religions.
  - (2) Almost 40% of New Zealanders are not members of any religious group; nevertheless, Christianity is considered to be the main religion in the country.
  - (3) 40% of the population in New Zealand is Christian and the rest are affiliates.
  - (4) 40% of Christians in New Zealand do not practice their faith, while the rest are very religious.



## תשובות ספיות

(3)	.1
(3)	.2
(4)	.3
(2)	.4



## יחידת תרגול 10

5. Upon entering a mosque, visitors are asked to take off their shoes as an expression of respect for the sacred place.
- (1) It is not respectful to remove one's shoes when going inside a mosque.
  - (2) A mosque is a sacred place, and therefore people must take off their shoes before they enter.
  - (3) After visiting a mosque, visitors should take off their shoes to show respect for the sacred place.
  - (4) In sacred places guests must take off their shoes, especially if they respect the place.
- 
6. Sigmund Freud's well-known psychoanalytic theories were extremely influential, yet he was often criticized during his era as well as later on.
- (1) Although Sigmund Freud's well-known theories were excellent, he was one of the most criticized people in the world.
  - (2) Due to the fact that Sigmund Freud's psychoanalytic theories were extremely influential, he was often criticized throughout his era and later on.
  - (3) In spite of the fact that Sigmund Freud's well-known theories had a large influence, he frequently received criticism throughout his era and later on.
  - (4) Sigmund Freud's psychoanalytic theories were the most outstanding theories of his era, and therefore he was never criticized.
- 
7. When going to a palm reader one should keep in mind that fortune telling is not an exact science.
- (1) Fortune telling is not accurate, and one should take that into consideration when going to a palm reader.
  - (2) Palm reading, as opposed to fortune telling, is not an exact science.
  - (3) Although it is very scientific, palm reading and fortune telling are not exact.
  - (4) Telling a person their fortune is not exactly palm reading, but it is regarded as a science.
- 
8. The Independence War had already been going on for six months when Israel was declared a state.
- (1) The Independence War and the declaration of the State of Israel are very important landmarks in the history of the Jewish people.
  - (2) The Declaration of Independence took place six months before the Independence War erupted in Israel.
  - (3) The Independence War began approximately half a year before the declaration of the State of Israel.
  - (4) The declaration of the State of Israel and the Independence War were going on for six month.



## תשובות ספיות

(2)	.5
(3)	.6
(1)	.7
(3)	.8



## יחידת תרגול 11

1. *Notre Père* is the prayer said by Christians before going to sleep.
  - (1) People of the Christian faith recite the *Notre Père* prayer at bedtime.
  - (2) *Notre Père* is the only prayer said by Christians.
  - (3) Christians go to sleep before they cite the *Notre Père* prayer.
  - (4) *Notre Père* is the evening prayer of many religious groups, including Christians.

---
2. The African Elephant is so called because its large ears match the shape of the African continent.
  - (1) The large African continent's ears are what gave the African elephant its name.
  - (2) Large ears in the shape of the African continent are what gave the African Elephant its name.
  - (3) Naming elephants after continents is common, especially if they are African.
  - (4) The African continent is in the shape of the African Elephant's ears, and therefore it was named after this mammal.

---
3. Good art critics are able to separate their personal opinion about an artist from what they think about the artist's work.
  - (1) The quality of an artist's work and what they think about their own work are what critics need to distinguish between when expressing their opinion.
  - (2) The artist himself and his work are two separate things, and good critics can make the distinction between them.
  - (3) Distinguishing between an artist's opinion and his or her work of art is what defines a good critic.
  - (4) To criticize art, critics must separate their personal opinion from the artist's opinion about his or her own work.

---
4. The biblical story of Esther reveals a fantastic source of female power, a power that turns Purim from just another Jewish holiday to a celebration of questioning patriarchal society.
  - (1) Purim stands out from other Jewish holidays due to the great power of women portrayed in the biblical story of Esther in which patriarchal society is shaken.
  - (2) Purim is a Jewish holiday, the origins of which are found in the biblical story of Esther in which women destroy a patriarchal society.
  - (3) The origins of the Jewish holiday of Purim are not found in the biblical story of Esther and its non-patriarchal values.
  - (4) Although raised in a patriarchal society, Queen Esther was a strong independent woman who made Purim the most celebrated Jewish holiday.



## תשובות ספיות

(1)	.1
(2)	.2
(2)	.3
(1)	.4



## יחידת תרגול 12

5. Raising children is a difficult task that demands a lot of time and energy from the parents.
- (1) The most difficult job of all is raising children, and parents need time and energy in order to do it right.
  - (2) Time and energy are required when parents deal with the difficult task of raising a child.
  - (3) Children need lots of energy and good nutrition as well as attention from their parents.
  - (4) Parents who are very demanding do not do a good job in raising their energetic children.
- 
6. Scholars claim that although the feminist revolution resulted in many achievements, it still faces many challenges, such as enabling women to balance the requirements of work and family.
- (1) One of the most important achievements of the feminist revolution, regardless of the fact that it still faces many challenges, was enabling women to balance the needs of work and family.
  - (2) Scholars claim that due to the feminist revolution, women can balance the needs of their work and family; however, feminism still faces many challenges.
  - (3) Scholars assert that in spite of the fact that the feminist revolution had many achievements, it still faces many challenges, an example of which is the need for women to balance work and family.
  - (4) Scholars assert that the feminist revolution was not successful due to the fact that women are still oppressed at work and at home.
- 
7. Unlike the music of many composers, Mozart's music was appreciated during his lifetime, but this did not prevent him from dying in poverty like so many other composers.
- (1) Death by poverty was very common among composers whose music was very popular throughout the ages, excluding Mozart, who was not poor.
  - (2) Mozart did not like other composers whose music was not popular in their own time and who died in poverty.
  - (3) Many composers, including Mozart, died in poverty; however, unlike Mozart, their contemporaries did not respect their music.
  - (4) Like so many composers whose music was not appreciated by their fellow men, Mozart died a rich man.
-

8. In Von Kleist's short story about the Romantic period, *Michael Kohlhaas*, the hero is torn between idealism and realism.
- (1) The hero of Michael Kohlhaas's story is torn between the romantic world of the real and the ideal.
  - (2) The clash between the real world and the ideal world is what makes *Michael Kohlhaas* a romantic short story.
  - (3) Michael Kohlhaas, the hero of Von Kleist's story, found the real world to be an ideal one.
  - (4) Idealism and realism pose a conflict for Michael Kohlhaas, who is the hero of Von Kleist's story about the Romantic period.



## תשובות סופיות

(2)	.5
(3)	.6
(3)	.7
(4)	.8



## יחידת תרגול 13

1. As opposed to other fish, salmon swim upstream.
  - (1) Salmon swim upstream, while other species of fish swim downstream.
  - (2) Salmon follow other species of fish in swimming upstream.
  - (3) Unlike other fish, salmon swim from the upper part of a stream to the lower part.
  - (4) Salmon swim upstream along with other kinds of fish.

---

2. Of all the international environmental organizations, Greenpeace is the most prominent worldwide.
  - (1) Greenpeace is the most well known organization protecting the environment, although there are many other international environmental organizations worldwide.
  - (2) The environment is protected by many international organizations and Greenpeace is not one of them.
  - (3) Greenpeace has become very popular worldwide for its non-violent environmental activity.
  - (4) Although they do not receive as many donations as Greenpeace, other environmental organizations manage to do an excellent job regarding environmental issues.

---

3. Much of the credit for the successful transition of the Republic of South Africa to a free and full democracy is granted to the Truth and Reconciliation Commission.
  - (1) South Africa is now a free democracy in transition with the Truth and Reconciliation Commission.
  - (2) The Truth and Reconciliation Commission was not helpful in turning the Republic of South Africa into a free democracy.
  - (3) The Truth and Reconciliation Commission is largely responsible for the successful conversion of the Republic of South Africa to a free and democratic country.
  - (4) Truth and reconciliation are what made South Africa a democratic republic.

---

4. *The Nose*, a satirical story about a St. Petersburg official whose nose leaves his face and develops a life of its own, won the Russian writer, Nikolai Gogol, the respect of millions of readers.
  - (1) Nikolai Gogol wrote the story *The Nose*, which earned him great respect among readers, after he discovered that a St. Petersburg official had his nose removed and developed a life of its own.
  - (2) Nikolai Gogol started having a life of his own after having his nose removed, an incident that gave him the inspiration for the story *The Nose*, which gained him the respect of many readers.
  - (3) Readers around the world who have had read *The Nose* are in awe of the story about the Russian official whose nose left his face and developed a life of its own, despite the fact that it was written by Nikolai Gogol.

- (4) Millions of readers respect Nikolai Gogol as a result of reading *The Nose*, his story about a Russian official whose nose took on a life of its own after having left his face.



## תשובות ספיות

(1)	.1
(1)	.2
(3)	.3
(4)	.4



## יחידת תרגול 14

5. Goose bumps, goose flesh and chicken skin are all expressions that describe the way our skin looks when we shiver or experience strong emotions like fear.
- (1) Geese and chickens grow bumps on their skins when they are afraid or cold.
  - (2) When we are cold or afraid we grow skins that look like goose flesh or chicken skin.
  - (3) Goose bumps, goose flesh and chicken skin are archaic expressions that are currently not in use.
  - (4) When we are cold or afraid, the way our skin looks can be described as having goose bumps, goose flesh or chicken skin.
- 
6. It is ironic that Homer Simpson, one of the silliest and most unintelligent characters in the history of television, is named after the great Greek philosopher.
- (1) Due to his lack of brains, Homer Simpson is an ironical character whose stupidity can be matched only by that of Homer, the greatest philosopher in the history of Greece.
  - (2) Although he is one of the most ridiculous and brainless characters ever to appear on the television screen, Homer Simpson is ironically named after Homer, the Greek philosopher.
  - (3) Homer Simpson, a great philosopher in his own right, is named after the greatest Greek philosopher of all times.
  - (4) Homer Simpson was named after the great Greek Philosopher who was not very bright or clever.
- 
7. Photography is no longer considered to be an objective reflection of reality; it is currently perceived as a subjective interpretation of reality.
- (1) Photography is presently regarded as a subjective interpretation of reality, but in the past, it was regarded as an objective reflection of reality.
  - (2) Photography is regarded as an objective reflection of reality today, although it was considered to be a subjective interpretation of reality in the past.
  - (3) Due to the fact that photography was perceived as an objective reflection of reality, it is currently regarded as a personal interpretation of reality.
  - (4) Many people believe that photography is an objective reflection of reality, although experts regard it as a subjective interpretation of reality.
- 
8. Pythagoras, the Greek mathematician and philosopher was also an expert in music; he discovered that music notes could be expressed in numerical ratios.
- (1) Pythagoras, the Greek mathematician and philosopher, who was also a musical authority, found out that it is possible to express music notes in numerical ratios.
  - (2) Great mathematicians and philosophers, including Pythagoras, discovered that the relationships between music notes can be expressed in numerical ratios.

- (3) Pythagoras, who was an expert in music, discovered the relationship between music notes and numerical ratios through mathematics and philosophy.
- (4) Pythagoras, because he was a great mathematician and philosopher, was also an expert in music, and discovered the relationship between music notes and numerical ratios.



## תשובות סופיות

(4)	.5
(2)	.6
(1)	.7
(1)	.8

# Reading Comprehension



## יחידת תרגול 1

### קטע קריאה 2

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחרייך.

- (5) Since the Berlin Wall came down 15 years ago, Jewish tourism in Germany has been on the rise. Two decades ago, most Jews would have avoided it, but today, despite periodic surges of anti-Semitism, it appears that Jews see Germany as a different country. In fact, out of all German-speaking countries, Berlin is the most popular destination for Jewish tours. This could be partly due to the fact that the younger generation of Jews and Israelis are travel-hungry and less fearful of anti-semitism than the older generation, who grew up in Germany.
- (10) But time gone by is not the only reason for this incline. Since the 1990s, Berlin has seen the revival of Jewish culture in Germany. Klezmer music groups can be seen playing on the sidewalks and, after 70 years, a Jewish High school has reopened its doors. Many Jews feel that today it is finally possible to view some remnants of the great Jewish community which once existed in Germany.
- (15) This is especially true since East Berlin's New Synagogue, which was destroyed on Kristallnacht in 1938, was restored. Built in 1866, the New Synagogue's large, golden dome, which can be seen from far and wide, is an unmistakable part of Berlin's relatively flat skyline. Situated next to the famous Alexander Platz, the building was the center of Berlin's flourishing, post war Jewish life, when more than 250,000 Jews lived in the city.
- (20) The attitude towards Jewish culture is a yardstick for tolerance. The revival of Jewish life and Jewish culture is an important transformation in the city, as it helps Berlin grow into its new role as a cosmopolitan metropolis and capital.

### השאלות

1. It can be inferred from the first paragraph that in Germany today -
- (1) anti-Semitism has been eliminated
  - (2) anti-Semitism is common
  - (3) anti-Semitism is sporadic
  - (4) anti-Semitism is a myth

**2.** It can be inferred from the second paragraph that time gone by -

- (1) is the only reason that Jewish tourists tend to avoid Berlin as a traveling destination
  - (2) is not the only reason for the extremely low numbers of Jewish tourists in Berlin
  - (3) is not the only reason for the rising numbers of Jewish tourists visiting Berlin
  - (4) is the only reason Jewish would consider visiting Berlin
- 

**3.** According to the text, East Berlin's New Synagogue was destroyed -

- (1) approximately seventy years ago
  - (2) approximately twenty years ago
  - (3) approximately a century ago
  - (4) approximately fifteen years ago
- 

**4.** In line 21, "it" refers to -

- (1) tolerance
  - (2) the way in which Jewish life is treated
  - (3) an important component
  - (4) the resurgence of Jewish life and culture
- 

**5.** The main purpose of the text is to discuss -

- (1) the destruction of East Berlin's synagogue on Kristallnacht
  - (2) the fall of the Berlin Wall 15 years ago
  - (3) the rise of Jewish tourism in Germany
  - (4) the restoration of East Berlin's New Synagogue
-

**קטע קריאה 3**

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחרינו.

- (5) Since sports related drug use in Eastern Europe began, drugs have caused havoc in the world of athletics. The most famous case in history is that of Canadian sprinter, Ben Johnson, who won the 100 meters at the 1988 Seoul Olympics, but was later stripped of his gold medal and banned for two years after testing positive for an anabolic steroid. He was then banned from the track for life in 1993 when he gave another positive test.

- (10) However, the most high-profile case does not involve steroids, but cocaine - a mostly recreational drug that also has performance-enhancing characteristics. Javier Sotomayor, Cuba's high jumper, tested positive for this banned substance during the Pan American Games. Sotomayor grabbed the headlines by claiming that the sample was manipulated as part of a plot to disqualify him, and the Cuban Athletics Federation backed him up saying that, "a man with the quantity of cocaine found in the urine of Sotomayor would not have been able to stand upright. He would therefore have jumped even less high." The IAAF didn't agree, and Sotomayor was ruled out of the Sydney Olympics.

- (20) But the worst cases in German athletics history are from behind what was once the Iron Curtain. In July 2000, sporting supremo Manfred Ewald and sports medical officer, Manfred Hoppner, were found guilty of doping more than 100 young athletes. The two were charged with complicity in causing bodily harm to young athletes. During the two-month trial a number of athletes and swimmers testified to having suffered from health problems as a result of using the anabolic steroids.

**השאלות**

6. Ben Johnson is given as an example of -

- (1) an athlete falsely accused for using steroids
- (2) an athlete that was banned temporarily and then for life for using steroids
- (3) an investigator that lead to the shocking findings of the Seoul Olympics
- (4) a Canadian athlete that won an Olympic gold medal and never lost a race

7. It can be inferred from the second paragraph that -

- (1) steroids are performance-enhancing drugs
- (2) cocaine is a performance-enhancing drug
- (3) neither steroids nor cocaine are performance-enhancing drugs
- (4) cocaine is a performance-enhancing drug but steroids are not

**8.** It can be understood from the text that -

- (1) Satomayor's sample was manipulated
  - (2) Satomayor had taken drugs which showed on his sample
  - (3) Satomayor and the Cuban Athletics Federation claimed that his sample was manipulated
  - (4) Satomayor and the IAAF claimed that the sample was manipulated
- 

**9.** A trial in 2000 revealed that Manfred Ewald and Manfred Hoppner -

- (1) contributed to causing physical harm to young athletes by providing drugs
  - (2) testified to suffering health problems resulting from anabolic steroids
  - (3) were sports medical officers behind the Iron Curtain
  - (4) were found guilty of taking drugs with young athletes
- 

**10.** An appropriate title for this text would be -

- (1) Drugs in world athletics
  - (2) The history of doping behind the Iron Curtain
  - (3) steroids versus cocaine
  - (4) Damage caused by anabolic steroids
-

**קטע קריאה 4**

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחריו.

- Research has found that working long hours negatively affects women more than men due to the fact that it makes them more prone to smoking, drinking coffee and eating unhealthy food. Both men and women consume less alcohol if they spend more time working, but working extra hours makes women crave unhealthy snacks.
- (5)

- A researcher at Leeds University, Dr Daryl O'Connor states that, "Women who work long hours eat more high-fat and high-sugar snacks, exercise less, drink more caffeine and, if smokers, smoke more than their male colleagues". His study revealed that working longer hours has no negative impact on men as regards exercise, caffeine intake or smoking.
- (10)

- O'Connor and his team studied the impact of stress on eating habits, looking at what causes stress at home and at work and how people react to it. The results show that one or more stressful event such as making a presentation, meeting with the boss or missing a deadline was linked to eating more between-meal snacks and fewer or smaller portions of fruits and vegetables.
- (15)

- We often eat as a way of dealing with stress or as a way to calm ourselves. According to O'Connor, those most susceptible to stress disrupting normal eating habits are emotional eaters. These people tend to be more vulnerable and use food as an escape. Says O'Connor, "When they feel anxious or emotionally aroused or negative about themselves, they try to avoid these negative feelings by turning their attention to food."
- (20)

**השאלות**

**11.** According to the first paragraph men and women -

- (1) are affected identically by working long hours
- (2) drink less alcohol if they work long hours
- (3) will agree to work longer hours if provided with snacks and cigarettes
- (4) crave each other more when working long hours

---

**12.** It can be inferred by the second paragraph that -

- (1) all women eat more unhealthy food, smoke, and drink coffee when stressed
  - (2) men are physically stronger than women
  - (3) women are more prone to eating junk food, smoking and drinking coffee when stressed as opposed to their male counterparts
  - (4) men have more discipline than women, thus making them less susceptible to the influence of stress at work
-

**13.** In line 12, "it" refers to -

- (1) the impact of stress on eating habits
  - (2) O'Connor and his team
  - (3) people at home and at work
  - (4) stress
- 

**14.** According to the fourth paragraph, emotional eaters -

- (1) tend to be overweight because they eat more
  - (2) tend to have more stress in their lives
  - (3) tend to use food to avoid their problems
  - (4) tend to get very emotional about the things they eat
- 

**15.** The main purpose of the text is to -

- (1) present a new research about the negative effects of stress on women's health.
  - (2) prove that all women tend to eat and smoke more when stressed
  - (3) discuss the differences between the sexes
  - (4) prove that women shouldn't work hard
-

**קטע קריאה 5**

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחריו.

All living things have been flourishing and vanishing since the beginning of time. Sooner or later every species becomes extinct because it cannot keep up with the natural changes in its environment. Recently, however, many species have become endangered and extinct sooner than they would have naturally.

- (5) An endangered species is any species of animal, plant, or other living thing that will become extinct if nothing is done to stop the cause of its disappearance. Each species has its own special role in keeping the world of nature in balance. When one species becomes extinct, other species are affected.

- (10) Once living things were mainly endangered by natural events, but now plants and animals face problems caused by human activities that damage the environment. The greatest damage is done by habitat destruction, along with illegal hunting and trading. As the human population increases, there is a greater need for food, places to live, fuel and more. To meet these needs, tropical forests, and other natural areas are cleared and developed, and in the process, habitats are destroyed.

People may be the main factor hurting plants and wildlife, but people also contribute to their survival. All over the world, conservation organizations are helping to conserve species and habitats. However, even if their habitat is saved, some species have too few members in the wild to repopulate.

- (20) In captive-breeding programs, species are bred with the hope that their offspring will be raised and returned to the wild. Programs such as this, combined with laws and increasing awareness will help maintain the delicate balance of nature that is necessary for the survival of all living things.

**השאלות**

**16.** According to the first paragraph -

- (1) all living things eventually die out due to changes in the environment
- (2) all living things become endangered sooner than they should naturally
- (3) all living things have existed since the beginning of time
- (4) all living things sooner or later change the environment

---

**17.** An endangered species is -

- (1) any species that declines becoming extinct
  - (2) any species that has a special role in keeping nature balanced
  - (3) any living species that is becoming extinct, and its waning goes uninterrupted
  - (4) any species that is affected by another species dying out
-

**18.** According to the third paragraph, the biggest cause of species becoming endangered today is -

- (1) people hunting for food
  - (2) the destruction of the environment by humans
  - (3) natural events
  - (4) plants and animals
- 

**19.** It can be inferred from the fourth paragraph that -

- (1) although people are hurt by plants and wildlife, conservationists are helping them survive
  - (2) people all over the world are helping conservation organizations conserve plants and wildlife that hurt people
  - (3) conservation organizations all over the world are helping to preserve human inhabitants
  - (4) although humans are destroying wildlife, they are also trying to conserve it
- 

**20.** An appropriate title for this text would be -

- (1) How to Make Animal Species Extinct
  - (2) Protecting Endangered Species
  - (3) The Dangers of Illegal Hunting and Trading
  - (4) The Destruction of the Rainforests
-

**קטע קריאה 6**

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחרייך.

- Most people sleep approximately seven to eight hours a night. Another five percent of the population need more than nine hours or can cope with less than six hours sleep a night. What makes these long or short term sleepers different to the rest of us? The findings of psychiatrist Ernest Hartmann indicate that
- (5) short and long term sleepers differ from ordinary sleepers psychologically rather than physically.

- Short-term sleepers tend to be conformist, extroverted and emotionally stable. Says Hartmann, "Their entire lifestyle involves keeping busy and avoiding psychological problems rather than facing them". Apparently, they
- (10) usually don't wake up during the night and wake up in the morning refreshed and ready to go. On the other hand, long-term sleepers are found to be non-conformist, introverted and often shy. They sleep restlessly and often wake up in a bad mood.

- Originally Hartmann thought that long-term sleepers needed more sleeping
- (15) hours to compensate for their restless sleep. However he soon discovered that long, short and average sleepers all spend approximately the same amount of time every night in a deep and relatively dreamless state. He also discovered that long-term sleepers spend more time in REM (rapid eye movement) sleep, in which the brain is as active as if it were fully conscious.

- (20) REM sleep is dream sleep, and Hartmann discovered that long-term sleepers tend to need more "dream time" to ponder their problems in life. Due to the fact that long-term sleepers are often more concerned with their emotional problems, they probably spend more time in bed so that their subconscious has more time to examine these problems and attempt to find solutions.

**השאלות**

**21.** It can be inferred from the first paragraph that -

- (1) five percent of the population sleep about eight hours per night
- (2) most people sleep more than nine hours per night or less than six
- (3) ninety five percent of the population sleep around seven-eight hours per night
- (4) the amount of sleep needed by most people is different

---

**22.** In line 8, "entire" is closest in meaning to -

- (1) whole
  - (2) intact
  - (3) fulfill
  - (4) together
-

**23.** It can be inferred from the second paragraph that -

- (1) short-term sleepers avoid their problems and thus wake up during the night refreshed and ready to go
  - (2) long-term sleepers are never introverted and shy and thus sleep restlessly and wake up in a bad mood
  - (3) short-term sleepers are less traditional and emotionally unstable than long-term sleepers
  - (4) short-term sleepers are more traditional types who tend not to confront their problems while the opposite is true for long-term sleepers
- 

**24.** According to the third paragraph -

- (1) most people spend more or less the same amount of time in a deep, dreamless state of sleep
  - (2) long, short and average sleepers don't spend the same amount of time in a deep, dreamless state
  - (3) Hartmann determined that, despite their restlessness, long-term sleepers do not need more hours of per night
  - (4) long, short and average sleepers spend the same amount of time in REM
- 

**25.** It can be inferred from the last paragraph that -

- (1) long-term sleepers are not concerned with the problems in their lives
  - (2) short-term sleepers don't dream
  - (3) long-term sleepers need more time to dream
  - (4) short-term sleepers find answers to their problems in their subconscious, while long-term sleepers do not
-

**קטע קריאה 7**

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחרינו.

- Coral reefs are dynamic ecosystems, and they are also endangered. They are very sensitive, and even a small change in their environment can have a terrible effect. If we continue with the present rate of destruction, seventy percent of our coral reefs will be wiped out within our lifetime. Already one tenth of our coral reefs have been destroyed and are rapidly being destroyed even further as a result of pollution, blast fishing, divers and tourists.
- (5)

- Coral reefs have been called the “rainforests of the sea” and are found in shallow, warm waters, usually near land. They are formed by the growth of coral colonies. The limestone skeletons build up from the sea, creating reefs or even islands that provide a habitat for many marine life forms, among which are fish, plants and algae. Actually, approximately twenty five percent of fish in the sea live in and around the coral reefs. Obviously, without a reef, these fish would die.
- (10)

- Our ecosystem is dependent upon these coral reefs due to the fact that the marine life removes and recycles the carbon dioxide from the ocean. This process helps keep the balance of gases in the atmosphere and reduces global warming.
- (15)

- Thirty to forty million people are dependant on the coral reefs for food each year. Marine biologists claim that most of the threat to coral reefs is a result of human actions. This means that in order to keep our ecosystem balanced, we must change our behavior drastically.
- (20)

**השאלות**

**26.** It can be inferred by the first paragraph that -

- (1) coral reefs destroy human ecosystems
- (2) coral reefs are endangered
- (3) seventy percent of coral reefs will be destroyed in our lifetime
- (4) small changes to the environment of the coral reef have disastrous effects

---

**27.** According to the third paragraph -

- (1) marine life in the coral reefs is dependent on our ecosystem to provide oxygen in the atmosphere
  - (2) coral reefs are essential to our ecosystem because they assist in maintaining an equilibrium of gases in the atmosphere
  - (3) global warming is reduced by our ecosystem
  - (4) coral reefs need marine life in order to survive
-

**28.** The conclusion reached in the last paragraph is that -

- (1) marine biologists need to act fast in order to keep the coral reefs healthy
  - (2) the future of the coral reefs is dependent on our actions
  - (3) the coral reefs keep millions of people healthy by supplying food
  - (4) thirty to forty million people are dependent of human action in order to eat
- 

**29.** In line 20, “this” refers to -

- (1) the fact that human actions are endangering coral reefs
  - (2) the fact that our ecosystems' balance is in danger
  - (3) the fact that marine biologists study coral reefs
  - (4) the fact that coral reefs are delicate
- 

**30.** An appropriate title for this text would be -

- (1) The Function of Our Coral Reefs
  - (2) The Beauty of Coral Reefs
  - (3) The Coral reef - An Endangered Ecosystem
  - (4) The Diversity of Marine Life
-

**תשובות ספיות**

(3) .25	(4) .19	(4) .13	(2) .7	(3) .1
(2) .26	(2) .20	(3) .14	(3) .8	(3) .2
(2) .27	(3) .21	(1) .15	(1) .9	(1) .3
(2) .28	(1) .22	(1) .16	(1) .10	(4) .4
(1) .29	(4) .23	(3) .17	(2) .11	(3) .5
(3) .30	(1) .24	(2) .18	(3) .12	(2) .6



## יחידת תרגול 2

### קטע קריאה 2

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחריו.

- (5) American children are getting fatter; that is the statement that is being repeated by doctors and health advocates. Obesity rates among children and adolescents tripled over the past 40 years, raising the risk of various health problems such as diabetes. Health officials in the federal government say more than a third of American children are overweight; and about 17 percent are considered obese.

- (10) Now even some kids' teddy bears are "packing on the pounds". Researchers at Indiana State University in Terre Haute tried a small experiment to test the effects of having kids play with heavier toys. It seems that these heavy toys might be useful in combating obesity. The researchers found that children ages 6 to 8 burned more calories and had higher heart and breathing rates when they moved 3-pound toy blocks instead of virtually weightless blocks. "This is not going to solve the obesity problem," said John Ozmun, a professor who performed the study with graduate student Lee Robbins. "But it has a potential to make a positive contribution."

- (20) Some experts caution that children could hurt themselves if they lift too much weight before their bodies are fully developed. Also, reckless kids could throw heavy toys at playmates. They state that more activity is preferable to heavier toys. Squeezing activity into their daily routines can be a good way for children to get more exercise and shed unhealthy pounds. "Giant soccer is one of my favorites," said Kara Tucker, youth development coordinator for the National Institute of Fitness and Sport in Indianapolis. "If we told the kids that they were going to run up and down the court 20 times, they would completely be uninterested. Yet when we put a big soccer ball out there, they will just run forever. They're having a great time."

### השאלות

1. Which word is the closest in meaning to "Obesity" in line 2?

- (1) risk
- (2) health problem
- (3) adolescent
- (4) overweight

2. The second paragraph is mainly about -

- (1) teddy bears health problems
- (2) overweight children
- (3) an experiment conducted in Indiana State University
- (4) calorie burning in children aged 6-8

**3.** According to Professor John Ozmun, who or what "has a potential to make a positive contribution." (lines 14-15)?

- (1) student Lee Robbins
  - (2) heavy toys
  - (3) unweighted toys
  - (4) obesity problem
- 

**4.** It can be inferred from the last paragraph that -

- (1) it is better for obese children to be more active than play with heavy toys
  - (2) activities such as giant soccer are not as motivating as heavy toys are
  - (3) using heavier toys is better than increased physical activity for obese children
  - (4) children are getting fatter and need to be physically active
- 

**5.** In line 24, the word "they" refer to -

- (1) experts of the National Institute in Indianapolis
  - (2) children
  - (3) giant soccer balls
  - (4) Kara Tucker's favorites
-

## קטע קריאה 3

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחרייו.

- (5) The story of a 9th century woman pope named Joan - a story that is considered by most scholars and by the Catholic Church to be merely a legend - continues to have a hold on the public's imagination. According to the story, appearing in 12th and 13th century chroniclers, she held the papal throne as John VIII between 853-55.

- (10) According Martin of Opava of the 13th century, Joan was supposedly a female of English descent, born in Germany and educated in the sciences. She was led to Athens when she was a girl, dressed in a man's cloths to hide her identity. She was known as John Anglicus and became so proficient in various fields of knowledge, that she had no equal. She later moved to Rome, where a high opinion of her life and learning arose in the city, and she was chosen for pope.

- (15) While filling the papal position, Joan became pregnant. Her scam was uncovered when she delivered her child during a parade through Rome. It is said that she was buried at that same place. Martin of Opava mentions that "The Lord Pope always turns aside from the street and it is believed by many that this is done because of abhorrence of the event. Nor is she placed on the list of the holy pontiffs".

- (20) Up until the late 17th century the story of Pope Joan was part of tradition, adopted by Protestants after the Reformation as proof that the Catholic Church was hypocritical. Modern scholars point to the fact that there are no contemporary sources mentioning Joan, but admit there is much confusion about early Church history. Believers of the story, on the other hand, claim that the Vatican has erased any record of Joan's papacy to avoid embarrassment, and
- (25) that the longevity of the legend is proof of her existence.

## השאלות

6. An appropriate title for the text would be -

- (1) Pope Joan and Her Life Story: A Truth or A Myth?
- (2) Rome's History According to Martin of Opava
- (3) Protestants and Catholic's Argue over Pope Joan's Existence
- (4) Women Popes throughout Time

7. According to the second paragraph, who was John Anglicus?

- (1) John Anglicus was the name the girl took to cover her identity
- (2) John Anglicus was a 13<sup>th</sup> century scholar who wrote about Pope Joan
- (3) John Anglicus was the second name of Martin of Opava
- (4) John Anglicus was the only person the young girl knew in Athens

- 8.** According to Martin of Opava, why does "The Lord Pope always turns aside from the street" (lines 15-16)?
- (1) because despite the fact that Pope Joan wasn't in the list of holy pontiffs, she passed through that street with her parade
  - (2) because that is where a parade always go through town
  - (3) because it is the same street in which Pope Joan gave birth to her child, an event that was considered despicable
  - (4) because the story of Pope Joan is considered to be legend and not a true story
- 
- 9.** What is the purpose of the fourth paragraph?
- (1) to the debate whether Pope Joan had really existed
  - (2) to give the Protestants' version of Pope Joan's story
  - (3) to explain why the Catholics believe that Pope Joan didn't exist in real life
  - (4) to expose why the Vatican is trying to cover up the story
- 
- 10.** In line 25, "longevity" is closest in meaning to -
- (1) credibility
  - (2) determination
  - (3) truthfulness
  - (4) long duration
-

## קטע קריאה 4

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחריי.

- (5) Unlike many of their fellow students in the USA, who left their textbooks behind when school ended, children at Harlem RBI, have no plans to leave behind what they have learned during the school year. Harlem RBI is a youth development program in East Harlem, New York, which runs during the summer months.

The program combines an intensive reading and literacy program with baseball and softball practice. Children work in teams both in the classroom and on the field. They are learning teamwork and academic skills, and they are reading books and engaging in intensive literacy instruction.

- (10) The Harlem RBI is just one example of ways that communities across the United States are attempting to combat the phenomenon called "summer learning loss". This loss of learning over the summer can result in academic setback, which for some children will take weeks, and in some cases months, to remedy in the fall.
- (15) "One hundred years of research confirm that all young people are at risk of losing ground academically over the summer months," says Ron Fairchild, Executive Director of the Center for Summer Learning at Johns Hopkins University in Maryland. The goal of this program, and others like it, is to enable children to keep up with their schoolwork during summer vacation.
- (20) For the children who do not have the opportunity to join a summer program, there are many learning materials available to review over the summer. In his advice to parents Cooper stresses, "Variety is the spice of life. Academic-related activities should not last all day, every day and neither should down time. Children are learning all the time, even during summer, no matter what they are doing."
- (25)

## השאלות

**11.** According to the first paragraph, what do children around the USA do in the summer?

- (1) leave behind their books
- (2) go to the East Harlem development program
- (3) continue studying
- (4) play baseball and softball

**12.** How do the children at Harlem RBI learn team work?

- (1) by working and playing in groups
- (2) only by playing baseball
- (3) only by playing softball
- (4) by intensive reading

**13.** According to the third paragraph, what are the consequences of "summer learning loss"?

- (1) children playing basketball rather than concentrating on their studies
  - (2) it might make it hard for some children to catch up with the study material at the beginning of school year
  - (3) children will learn teamwork
  - (4) participation in intensive literacy programs
- 

**14.** Why did Cooper say that "Variety is the spice of life." (line 22)?

- (1) to show that children can absorb different values by playing different games
  - (2) as advice to parents to leave summer time as solely playtime for their children
  - (3) cooper thinks that children should eat spicier food
  - (4) as advice to parents to combine learning and playtime for their children
- 

**15.** The text is mainly about -

- (1) the summer learning vacation and its downsides
  - (2) "summer learning loss" and ways of combating it
  - (3) children in East Harlem and the games they play
  - (4) learning disabilities during the summer vacation
-

## קטע קריאה 5

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחריו.

One day in the near future apple juice and corn might replace petroleum. They might also become the raw materials used for making some of the plastics and pharmaceuticals of the future. This is due to a new chemical process devised by researchers at the University of Wisconsin in Madison.

- (5) Chemical engineer James Dumesic and his colleagues have found a way to convert fructose, a sugar found in fruit, corn syrup and honey, into an important component in the making of several products of the chemicals industry. Fructose contains an ingredient called 5-hydroxymethylfurfural (HMF), which can be converted into one of the building blocks of polyester. This means that
- (10) the plastic could in theory be made entirely from plants, rather than petrochemicals. Also, HMF can be used in producing diesel fuel.

- HMF is formed when heat breaks down sugars. This technique is used in many heat-processed foods, including fruit juices, milk and honey, and is thought to be harmless at low levels. But simply boiling up sugar is not an
- (15) efficient way to make HMF, as it produces many other compounds. An acid is needed to break down the sugar. The acids used by the researchers generated few side-products. However, four-fifths of the fructose broken down turned into HMF this way, as reported in Science Magazine.

- "There are lots of things you can make from HMF," says Jeff Hardy,
- (20) manager of the Environment, Sustainability and Energy Forum at the Royal Society of Chemistry in London, UK, and a specialist in green chemistry. According to him, HMF is a basic component in many substances, and "Any process that makes these building blocks from renewable resources is good."

## השאלות

**16.** The text is mainly about -

- (1) creating building blocks from petroleum for the chemical industry
- (2) researches in petroleum
- (3) how to make HMF at home and use it for fueling the family car
- (4) producing HMF and its uses in the chemical industry

**17.** The main purpose of the first paragraph is -

- (1) to inform the reader about the University of Wisconsin and its researchers
- (2) to discuss a new process, thanks to which plants can replace different substances.
- (3) to argue why plants are better than petroleum for the pharmaceutical industry
- (4) to discuss the disadvantages of petroleum

**18.** In line 7, the word "component" can be replaced by -

- (1) breakage
  - (2) plant
  - (3) sugar
  - (4) ingredient
- 

**19.** According to the third paragraph, why is it better to use acid rather than heat to break down sugars?

- (1) it is more efficient
  - (2) it is less expensive
  - (3) it takes less time
  - (4) it is a colder process
- 

**20.** It can be inferred from the last paragraph that -

- (1) there is an immediate danger when using HMF produced from renewable elements
  - (2) breaking down plants with heat is a process that can be used to produce HMF
  - (3) there are many uses in which HMF can be used
  - (4) Jeff Hardy led the research about HMF production from plants
-



## תשובות ספיות

(4) <b>.16</b>	(1) <b>.11</b>	(1) <b>.6</b>	(4) <b>.1</b>
(2) <b>.17</b>	(1) <b>.12</b>	(1) <b>.7</b>	(3) <b>.2</b>
(4) <b>.18</b>	(2) <b>.13</b>	(3) <b>.8</b>	(2) <b>.3</b>
(1) <b>.19</b>	(4) <b>.14</b>	(1) <b>.9</b>	(1) <b>.4</b>
(3) <b>.20</b>	(2) <b>.15</b>	(4) <b>.10</b>	(2) <b>.5</b>



## יחידת תרגול 3

### קטע קריאה 2

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחריו.

- (1) “Liberty, equality, fraternity, or death!” - was the slogan of the French revolution, which went on for ten years - from 1789 till 1799. It started when the bourgeoisie and the working class formed an alliance to replace absolute monarchy with republicanism.
- (5) The causes for the outbreak of the French Revolution were both economical and political. France was in a poor economic situation and under a heavy and badly managed national debt. King Louis XVI added to the burden with his massive spending, for which he compensated by collecting more taxes from the people. In addition, high unemployment rates and the rising price of bread made it almost impossible for the common people to purchase food.
- (10)

- The political reasons for the revolution were many and diverse. Primarily, absolute monarchism - the prevalent regime in France for 200 years - was despised by those people who belonged to the professional class. Furthermore, the people were angry because of the privileges granted to noblemen in public life, and the inequality between the different social classes. They also felt resentment towards the Roman Catholic Church, the official religion in France, for its intolerance.
- (15)

- In July 14, 1789 - later to become the French Independence Day - an outraged mob took over the Bastille, a prison in Paris. The act was more symbolic than anything else, because at the time of the break-in the prison contained only seven prisoners. Nevertheless, the storming of the Bastille is considered to be the act that marked the beginning of the French Revolution and of the open rebellion against the king.
- (20)

### השאלות

1. The first paragraph's main purpose is -

- (1) only to acquaint the readers with the slogan of the French Revolution
- (2) to give general information about the French Revolution
- (3) to explain the controversy between the people of France and the Roman Catholic Church
- (4) to give account of the unbearable spending of King Louis XVI

**2.** Which of the following is not one of the economical reasons that led to the people's revolt?

- (1) the king's extravagant spending
  - (2) difficulties in finding work
  - (3) the taxes collected by the church
  - (4) the rising price of bread
- 

**3.** In line 12, the word "regime" can be replaced by:

- (1) political system
  - (2) class
  - (3) economic situation
  - (4) mystery
- 

**4.** In line 15, the word "they" refers to -

- (1) privileges
  - (2) people of the professional class
  - (3) clergy of the Roman Catholic Church
  - (4) the mob
- 

**5.** The fourth paragraph is mainly about -

- (1) the political reasons that led to the French Revolution
  - (2) the act that started the revolution
  - (3) the Bastille and its inmates
  - (4) the king's inability to stop the revolution
-

**קטע קריאה 3**

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחרייו.

- (1) Much is known about Galileo Galilei, the famous Italian astronomer, physicist and astrologer, but only little is known of his father. Vincenzo Galilei was an important composer and music theorist of the 16<sup>th</sup> century. Also, he was a skilled player of the lute, a string instrument of the Renaissance period, and
- (5) was held in high esteem by powerful patrons from a very young age.

- During the Renaissance era scholars in different fields rediscovered the culture of the Roman and Greek empires through newly found manuscripts of these periods, and tried to imitate their art. Vincenzo Galilei, who lived during these times, was a member of the Florentine Camerata - a group of poets,
- (10) musicians and intellectuals that aspired to revive ancient Greek music and drama. Their efforts brought on the invention of the opera.

- Galilei was a prolific composer: he wrote two madrigal books (choral compositions for secular texts) and, naturally, music for lute. Scholars consider the latter to be his most important contribution, since it had anticipated the style
- (15) of the next period in music, the early Baroque.

- Galilei also made substantial discoveries in acoustics, involving the physics of strings and the sounds they produce. Scholars claim that his son, Galileo, followed him in experimenting with science rather than dealing with pure, abstract mathematics. They believe that aside from his own contribution to the
- (20) world of music, Vincenzo's direction of his son was of utmost importance to the history of science.

**השאלות**

**6.** An appropriate title for the text would be -

- (1) The Florentine Camerata
- (2) Galileo Galilei - his life as the son of Vincenzo
- (3) Music - in theory and in practice
- (4) Vincenzo Galilei - a great figure in his own right

---

**7.** According to the first paragraph, what is a lute?

- (1) a skilled musician
  - (2) a composer
  - (3) an instrument with strings
  - (4) a period in Renaissance
-

**8.** The second paragraph is mainly about -

- (1) the revival of Greek and Roman arts during the Renaissance and its affect on Vincenzo Galilei
  - (2) the great Roman and Greek empires, And their influence on current opera music and poets
  - (3) the great influence of Renaissance artists on Greek and Roman scholars, which lead to the invention of the opera
  - (4) the Florentine Camerata and their attempts to bring on a revival of the Roman and Greek empires
- 

**9.** In line 12, the word “prolific” can be replaced by -

- (1) well-behaved
  - (2) disturbed
  - (3) imaginative
  - (4) fertile
- 

**10.** According to the fourth paragraph why was “Vincenzo’s direction of his son... of utmost importance to the history of science”?

- (1) because Glileo was drawn by his father’s example to deal with the practical side of science and not with the abstract
  - (2) because Vincenzo’s wisdom passed on to his son, hence causing him to pursue mathematics rather than acoustic physics
  - (3) because thanks to his father Galileo decided to be a mathematician and not experiment in science
  - (4) because Galilei followed his father's footsteps, and made further important discoveries in acoustics
-

**קטע קריאה 4**

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחריי.

- (1) Salem, a city in Essex County, Massachusetts, is mostly associated with the Witch Trials of 1692. Surprisingly, the residents of Salem do not object to be identified with the trials. Moreover, their institutions derive their names from this historic event: Salem's public school is called *Witchcraft Heights Elementary School*, their high school football team is named *The Witches*, etc.

- (10) How did it all begin? In 1692 nine year old Betty Parris and eleven year old Abigail Williams, two nieces of the Reverend Samuel Parris fell victim to fits so powerful that were believed to be beyond the effect of a physical disease. The girls threw things about the room, uttered strange sounds, crawled around and complained about being pricked with nails. They also started to cover their ears during sermons in church. The village doctor could not explain what was happening to them and concluded that they were bewitched.

- (15) The girls then accused their three neighbors, Sarah Good, Sarah Osborne and Tituba (a Carib-Idian slave who came to Salem from Barbados) with the practice of witchcraft. The village people thought the three women to be peculiar from the outset - even before they were pointed out by Betty and Abigail - and therefore accepted the girls' version of the truth very easily.

- (20) The three women were charged with witchcraft on March 1, 1692 and put in prison. Accusations of other women followed, including one of 4 year old Dorcas Good. This young girl confessed to practicing witchcraft, and probably did so because she wanted to join her mother, Sarah Good, in prison.

**השאלות**

**11.** The purpose of the first paragraph is -

- (1) to tell the story of the honest people who became victims of the Witch Trials in Salem
- (2) to give some background information on the city of Salem, where the Witch Trials took place
- (3) to explain why the Witch Trials were common in Salem rather than in other cities in Massachusetts
- (4) to recommend on a trip to Salem, Massachusetts, where the Witch Trials took place

**12.** The second paragraph is mainly about -

- (1) the physical examination of the nieces
- (2) the village doctor's ignorance in witchcraft
- (3) the three women who dealt with witchcraft
- (4) the strange behavior of the nieces

**13.** In line 16, the word “peculiar” can be replaced by -

- (1) sophisticated
  - (2) inovative
  - (3) strange
  - (4) reliable
- 

**14.** It can be inferred from the fourth paragraph that -

- (1) the ability to practice witchcraft is hereditary
  - (2) sometimes witchcraft accusations were illogical
  - (3) the only people imprisoned were witches
  - (4) only women could practice witchcraft
- 

**15.** The text is mainly about -

- (1) the Witch Trials and what brought them about
  - (2) the naughty nieces of the village’s Reverend
  - (3) the city of Salem and its population in 1692
  - (4) the three witches who dragged along with them a whole village with their witchcraft
-

**קטע קריאה 5**

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחריי.

- (1) On November 10<sup>th</sup>, 1975, Israeli ambassador Chaim Herzog gave a controversial and memorable speech in front of the UN General Assembly. Herzog's speech was given as a response and condemnation of UN General Assembly Resolution 3379, which was adopted by the Assembly by a vote of 72 to 35, with 32 abstentions. The resolution determined that "Zionism is a form of racism and racial discrimination". The resolution came as no surprise, neither to the Zionist Movement nor to UN members, as it reflected the long-standing UN condemnation of Zionism.

- (10) In his address to the Assembly, Ambassador Herzog mentioned in pride the participation of Arabs in different aspects of the Israeli society; the Arab ministers serving in the Israeli government, the Arab deputy speaker of the Knesset, the many officers and men serving in the police defense forces. He also spoke of thousands of Arabs who arrive from all over the Middle East in order to receive medical treatment in Israeli hospitals. He also mentioned the fact that
- (15) Arabic was an official language in Israel. "Is that racism?" he then asked the Assembly and gave an answer: "It is not! That is Zionism".

- (20) Herzog finished his speech by saying: "For us, the Jewish people, this resolution... is devoid of any moral or legal value... this is no more than a piece of paper and we shall treat it as such." He concluded the speech, and to the amazement of the ambassadors sitting at the General Assembly, he tore the paper in half.

**השאלות**

**16.** The text is mainly about -

- (1) Chaim Herzog, Israel's ambassador to the UN and Israel's fifth president
- (2) the situation of Jews in Arab countries as described in UN Resolution 3379
- (3) UN General Assembly and its resolutions in 1975
- (4) UN Resolution 3379 and Chaim Herzog, Israel's representative's response at the UN General Assembly

---

**17.** In line 6, "discrimination" can be replaced by -

- (1) demolition.
  - (2) interaction.
  - (3) definition
  - (4) inequity
-

**18.** What was not mentioned in the second paragraph as an example for the respect and equal treatment of Arabs in the State of Israel?

- (1) Israeli Arabs are given special allowances by the government.
  - (2) Arabic is an official language in Israel
  - (3) Arabs serve in the Israeli police defense forces
  - (4) the deputy speaker of the Knesset is an Arab
- 

**19.** In line 19, "it" refers to -

- (1) the General Assembly
  - (2) the Jewish people
  - (3) the resolution
  - (4) immorality
- 

**20.** It can be inferred from the last paragraph that Herzog's speech was controversial mainly because -

- (1) he proved that there is no racial discrimination in Israel
  - (2) he ended it by ripping the paper on which the resolution was printed
  - (3) he opposed the UN General Assembly resolution with a great passion
  - (4) in his speech, he attempted to express the opinion of all the Jewish people
-



## תשובות ספיות

(4) .17	(3) .13	(4) .9	(2) .5	(2) .1
(1) .18	(2) .14	(1) .10	(4) .6	(3) .2
(3) .19	(1) .15	(2) .11	(3) .7	(1) .3
(2) .20	(4) .16	(4) .12	(1) .8	(2) .4



## יחידת תרגול 4

### קטע קריאה 2

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחריך.

- (1) In 1928, a man named Alexander Fleming was researching agents that could be used to combat bacterial infections at St. Mary's Hospital in London. Fleming concentrated heavily on trying to find something that will prevent the growth of staphylococci bacteria, an organism causing serious infection at that time.
- (5)

- When leaving for vacation, Fleming did not wash his culture plates. When he came back a few weeks later, to his surprise he noticed that something had "grown" on one of his plates. It was mold. But the exciting part was that the staphylococci were not growing around it; apparently, the mold prevented the bacteria from growing by secreting some type of substance. Fleming named the substance "Penicillin".
- (10)

- For the first time, it was discovered that a naturally occurring metabolite could inhibit or even kill bacteria. Others before Fleming had seen fungus inhibit bacteria, but the full significance of this activity was not realized until Fleming published his findings in 1929. After Fleming's discovery, much research began into finding more about this incredible substance.
- (15)

- Fleming ran experiments with penicillin. He was not able to purify it or realize its potential for treatment against infections, but he is still the acclaimed discoverer of penicillin. Howard Florey, Ernst Chain and Norman Heatley further explored Fleming's work in 1938 at Oxford University. They formed methods for growing, extracting, and purifying enough penicillin to establish it as a valuable drug.
- (20)

### השאלות

1. The first paragraph is mainly about -

- (1) bacterial infections
- (2) Alexander Fleming's search for a substance that will prevent the growth of bacteria
- (3) Alexander Fleming's establishment of a valuable drug
- (4) St. Mary's Hospital in London, where Alexander Fleming worked

**2.** It can be inferred from the second paragraph that -

- (1) Alexander Fleming was not concerned with cleanliness
  - (2) Alexander Fleming discovered penicillin while working in his lab
  - (3) bacteria grow a secret substance
  - (4) Alexander Fleming discovered penicillin accidentally
- 

**3.** According to the third paragraph, it can be concluded that -

- (1) No one had seen fungus inhibit bacteria before Fleming
  - (2) metabolism kills bacteria
  - (3) the fungus prevented the growth of bacteria
  - (5) Fleming's discovery prompted others to research meteorites
- 

**4.** The conclusion reached in the last paragraph is that -

- (1) Alexander Fleming was able to purify penicillin and is thus the acclaimed discoverer
  - (2) Although Alexander Fleming was not able to purify penicillin, he is the acclaimed discoverer
  - (3) Howard Florey, Ernst Chain and Norman Heatley are the acclaimed discoverers of penicillin
  - (4) Together with Fleming, Howard Florey, Ernst Chain and Norman Heatley established a valuable drug
- 

**5.** An appropriate title for this text would be -

- (1) Penicillin and how it works
  - (2) The accidental discovery of penicillin
  - (3) How penicillin inhibits bacteria
  - (4) Fleming's methods of purifying penicillin
-

## קטע קריאה 3

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחרייו.

- (1) Dr. Edward Bach was a house surgeon at the University College Hospital, London, where he worked in general practice. Despite the success of his work with orthodox medicine he felt dissatisfied with the way doctors were trained to concentrate on diseases and ignore the people who were suffering from them.
- (5) He was inspired by his work with homoeopathy but wanted to find remedies that would be purer and less reliant on the products of disease. In 1930, Dr. Bach gave up his practice and left London, with the intention of devoting the rest of his life to the new system of medicine that he was sure could be found in nature. In much the same way as he abandoned his old home, office and work,
- (10) he abandoned the scientific methods he had used until then. He decided to rely on his natural gifts as a healer and use his intuition to guide him.

- One by one he found the remedies he wanted - Bach Flower Remedies - each aimed at a particular mental state or emotion. He found that when he treated the personalities and feelings of his patients, their unhappiness and
- (15) physical distress could be alleviated as the natural healing potential in their bodies was unblocked and allowed to work again.

- In 1934 Dr. Bach moved to Mount Vernon which is where he found the remaining remedies that he needed to complete the series. It is there that he completed his life's work. Dr Bach passed away peacefully on the evening of
- (20) November 27th, 1936. He was only 50 years old, but he had left behind him a legacy of experience and effort, as well as a system of medicine that is now used all over the world.

## השאלות

6. The main purpose of the first paragraph is to explain that Dr Edward Bach -
- (1) was unhappy with the training doctors received that tended to focus on the illness rather than the patient
  - (2) was content with orthodox medicine that focused on the disease and the patient's suffering
  - (3) was successful in orthodox medicine and trained doctors to focus on diseases rather than the people suffering them
  - (4) was unsuccessful in orthodox medicine and ignored people's suffering
- 
7. According to the second paragraph, Dr. Bach -
- (1) gave up practicing medicine all together and devoted the rest of his life to nature
  - (2) gave up homeopathy to concentrate on orthodox medicine
  - (3) gave up orthodox medicine to concentrate on more natural methods
  - (4) gave up medicine and homeopathy to live in nature
-

**8.** Bach Flower Remedies -

- (1) treat physical conditions and subsequently emotional conditions
  - (2) aggravate healing potential
  - (3) unblock bodies through work potential
  - (4) treat emotional states and subsequently physical conditions
- 

**9.** Dr. Edward Bach -

- (1) died peacefully and his remedies were forgotten
  - (2) died in Mount Vernon after having completed his series of flower remedies
  - (3) died suddenly without completing his life work
  - (4) left behind 50 years fruitless work
- 

**10.** An appropriate title for this text would be -

- (1) Homeopathy as it is practiced today
  - (2) Dr. Bach and the healing potential of flower remedies
  - (3) The trials and tribulations of orthodox medicine
  - (4) Emotional health versus physical health
-

## קטע קריאה 4

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחריי.

- (1) Honey has long been recognized as a natural remedy and has been used as a medicine for thousands of years. Now, new scientific research from the University of California reveals that honey consumption raises antioxidant levels which provide defense against free radicals that cause cell damage.
- (5) In the study, 25 people were told to eat between four and ten tablespoons of buckwheat honey, depending on their weight, each day for a month. They could eat the honey in almost any form, but it could not be baked or dissolved in tea. Antioxidant levels rose in all of the participants.
- (10) It was already known that honey contained varying levels of antioxidants, with dark honey having more than light, but this is the first study to examine honey's effect on human blood. Approximately one half of the human diet is derived directly or indirectly from crops pollinated by bees. Today honeybees are an essential part of a healthy agriculture economy and it may prevent seasonal allergies.
- (15) In international terms, China is currently by far the largest honey-producing nation in the world, with around a 40 percent slice of the market. The next biggest producers are the United States of America, Argentina and Ukraine. According to the American Honey Producers Association, China and Argentina have been adversely affecting America's domestic honey industry with cheap imports, although there is a counter argument that both China and Argentina have been helping to counterbalance falling production in the United States.
- (20)

## השאלות

**11.** According to the text, eating honey -

- (1) cures allergies completely
- (2) helps to prevent cell damage
- (3) raises sugar levels in the blood
- (4) helps losing weight

**12.** In new scientific research -

- (1) 25 people were asked to eat 10 spoons of honey a day for 4 months
- (2) 25 people were asked to eat 10 spoons of honey a day for a month
- (3) 25 people were asked to eat 4-10 spoons of honey a day for a month
- (4) 25 people were asked to eat less than 4 spoons of honey a day for 10 months

**13.** It can be inferred from the text that -

- (1) most of our food is not affected by bees one way or the other
  - (2) about 50% of our food is affected by bees one way or the other
  - (3) most of our food is pollinated by bees one way or the other
  - (4) bees have nothing to do with our diet
- 

**14.** According to the text -

- (1) America produces more honey than China
  - (2) China produces more honey than America
  - (3) Argentina and Ukraine produce the most honey in the world
  - (4) Argentina produces more honey than America
- 

**15.** An appropriate title for this text would be -

- (1) The benefits of honey and its major markets
  - (2) Honey products all over the world
  - (3) How bees make honey
  - (4) Honey imports
-

## קטע קריאה 5

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחריי.

- (1) Salmon spend their lives in different water sources: they live in fresh water during their early life, mature in salt water, and then return to fresh water to breed and then die. Some salmon travel up to 1,600 km upstream in order to spawn. When salmon are ready to breed, they enter fresh water to spawn. The female digs a nest in the gravel with her tail. She pushes thousands of eggs into the nest and the male fertilizes them. Most salmon die after spawning.

- (10) When salmon become silver-colored, they swim downstream to the sea, where a process begins in which their body changes, allowing them to live in salt water. Salmon live in the sea until maturity (1 to 7 years, depending on the species). They then return to the place where they hatched and continue the cycle. No one knows how salmon find their way home, and do not eat at all on their journey home. Their stomach is no longer needed and it begins to disintegrate internally, leaving more room for the developing eggs and sperm.

- (15) The salmon begin living off the stored fat in their tissues that has been accumulating during their life in the ocean. The flesh of the salmon begins to lack flavor, becomes pale in color and soft in texture. Most salmon used for food are caught in the ocean where they have the best flavor, color and texture before they start moving upstream.

- (20) Salmon are carnivores - they eat fish. They are also preyed upon by many animals, including humans, bears, many kinds of birds and other fish. For every 8,000 eggs produced, only 2 spawning adults will eventually survive.

## השאלות

**16.** It can be inferred from the first paragraph -

- (1) salmon live in the sea, but reproduce in rivers and lakes
- (2) salmon live in fresh water, but reproduce in the sea
- (3) salmon live in fresh water, but reproduce on land
- (4) salmon live in the sea and reproduce in the sea

**17.** According to the second paragraph -

- (1) salmon are able to find their way home because they are mature enough
- (2) salmon are able to find their way home because they do not eat along the way
- (3) salmon find their way home by following their sense of smell
- (4) it is not known how salmon find their way home

**18.** According to the text, salmon do not eat on their journey home -

- (1) so that they are able to die after reproducing
  - (2) so that their flesh can turn pale and mushy
  - (3) in order to make more room for sperm and eggs
  - (4) because it makes it easier to swim upstream
- 

**19.** It can be inferred from the fourth paragraph that -

- (1) salmon that live underwater are tastier than the ones that live in lakes
  - (2) salmon that live in rivers are tastier than ones that live in lakes
  - (3) salmon that live in the ocean are tastier than the ones that live in fresh water
  - (4) salmon that live in fresh water are tastier than the ones that live in oceans
- 

**20.** An appropriate title for this text would be -

- (1) Salmon and their predators
  - (2) How salmon find their way home
  - (3) Salmon and other freshwater fish
  - (4) The life cycle of salmon
-



## תשובות ספיות

(1) <b>.16</b>	(2) <b>.11</b>	(1) <b>.6</b>	(2) <b>.1</b>
(4) <b>.17</b>	(3) <b>.12</b>	(3) <b>.7</b>	(4) <b>.2</b>
(3) <b>.18</b>	(2) <b>.13</b>	(4) <b>.8</b>	(3) <b>.3</b>
(3) <b>.19</b>	(2) <b>.14</b>	(2) <b>.9</b>	(2) <b>.4</b>
(4) <b>.20</b>	(1) <b>.15</b>	(2) <b>.10</b>	(2) <b>.5</b>



## יחידת תרגול 5

### קטע קריאה 2

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחריו.

- (1) Coffee is one of the world's most popular beverages. It is assumed to have originated from Ethiopia and spread to the rest of the world via Egypt and Europe. It derives its name from the Arabic word *kahwa*, which originally meant wine. Due to the Islamic prohibition on drinking wine,
- (5) coffee was very common in Islamic countries and drinking coffee had become a social ritual.

- Ground coffee is made of coffee beans that grow on coffee trees or plants. The beans are hand-picked and sorted according to quality; the lesser ones intended for the mass production of common ground coffee. Next, the
- (10) outer pulp of the beans is removed through various chemical and mechanical processes. The beans are then roasted, a process that develops their familiar flavor and aroma, and finally grinded into a powder.

- Different studies have been made both of the benefits and the negative effects of coffee. Many studies show a connection between coffee
- (15) consumption and medical conditions such as diabetes, cardiovascular disease, cancer and more. For example, a reduction of diabetes mellitus type 2 has been found among coffee consumers. On the other hand, there is some evidence that caffeine, a nervous system stimulant found in coffee, may be dangerous to fetuses and newborn children and can also be addictive.

- (20) Coffee is not only a beverage drunk in social occasions, it also has other uses. Spent coffee grounds are considered as good fertilizers in gardens because of their high nitrogen content. Some artists use coffee in what is called Latte art - painting in the foam of espresso-based drinks.

### השאלות

1. The second paragraph is mainly about -
    - (1) drinking coffee as a social event
    - (2) coffee in Islamic cultures
    - (3) the process of manufacturing coffee
    - (4) the effects of coffee on coffee drinkers
- 
2. In line 12, the word "grinded" means -
    - (1) watered
    - (2) crushed
    - (3) grown
    - (4) oiled
-

**3.** It is inferred from the third paragraph that -

- (1) drinking coffee might help in cases of diabetes mellitus type 2
  - (2) drinking coffee has only negative effects
  - (3) drinking coffee may cause serious heart problems
  - (4) drinking coffee leads to nervous breakdown
- 

**4.** The third paragraph is mainly about -

- (1) the positive and negative effects of drinking coffee
  - (2) the making of coffee powder
  - (3) the uses of coffee in the modern society
  - (4) the reasons why coffee is addictive
- 

**5.** An appropriate title for this text would be -

- (1) Coffee and its dangerous side effects
  - (2) Caffeine - a drug for the masses
  - (3) Ethiopia - a coffee superpower
  - (4) Coffee - from a seed to a popular beverage
-

## קטע קריאה 3

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחרייו.

- (1) In 2004, San Francisco Mayor Gavin Newsom ordered city officials to grant marriage licenses to same-sex couples (couples of either two women or two men). Two years later there is still a debate whether this move helped or hurt same-sex marriages. Jon Davidson, legal director for the Lambda Legal
- (5) Defense and Education Fund, a group that is representing same-sex couples in five state court cases, says that two years is too soon to examine the effect of Mayor Newsom's action.

- Gay rights activists point out that Mayor Newsom's resolution started a national conversation on the issue and encouraged four other same-sex
- (10) couples from different states to demand marriage licenses. Those couples' requests were turned down and they decided to sue the authorities.

- Conservative groups are pleased as well with Mayor Newsom's decision of 2004; they think that it had impelled President Bush to endorse an amendment to the constitution that banned same-sex marriages. It had also
- (15) inspired voters in 13 states to pass state constitutional bans that same year in addition to the other 5 states that already banned same-sex marriages.

- Currently, Massachusetts is the only state where same-sex couples can get married. Even in San Francisco it is still difficult for those couples to exchange vows - they can only apply for a marriage
- (20) license, but not actually get one. Other states offer same-sex couples different options for legalizing their partnership, such as civil unions or domestic partnership, but deny them the right to marry. In fact, nowadays same-sex couples find it easier to marry in Europe than in the United States of America.

## השאלות

6. In line 7, what is "Mayor Newsom's action"?
- (1) representing same-sex couples in state court cases  
 (2) getting married with a man himself  
 (3) granting marriage licenses to same-sex couples  
 (4) becoming the Mayor of San Francisco
- 
7. According to the third paragraph, which of the following is a reason why conservative groups were "pleased as well with Mayor Newsom's decision"?
- (1) it had drawn away public awareness from the issue, thus creating a stronger opposition to it  
 (2) it made same-sex couples withdraw their law suits against their government  
 (3) it allowed more same-sex couples to get married  
 (4) it had driven President Bush into banning same-sex marriage by law
-

**8.** In line 21, the word "them" refers to -

- (1) Americans
  - (2) same-sex couples
  - (3) civil unions
  - (4) domestic partnerships
- 

**9.** The fourth paragraph is mainly about -

- (1) the different rights, or lack thereof, that same-sex couples are granted in different states
  - (2) a comparison between the USA and Europe in regards to same-sex couples' right to marry
  - (3) the changes and restrictions brought on by the opposition of conservative organizations to same-sex marriages
  - (4) the progress that has occurred in same-sex couples' legal status in different states throughout the last two years
- 

**10.** The text is mainly about -

- (1) weddings in San Francisco in comparison with other states in America
  - (2) San Francisco's Mayor's decision concerning same-sex marriages and its effect
  - (3) President Bush and his opinion on same-sex marriages
  - (4) the Gay population in San Francisco
-

## קטע קריאה 4

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחריי.

- (1) Dolly, the Scott sheep, was the first cloned mammal in history. She was cloned from an adult cell in 1996 at the Roslin Institute in Midlothian, Scotland, where she lived until her death at the age of seven. Originally, she was named "6LL3", but the stockmen who helped deliver her suggested the name "Dolly", in honor of American country singer Dolly Parton.

- (5) Dolly was the first mammal to be produced from an adult cell. She was created from fully adult mammary cells using a technique called somatic cell nuclear transfer. In this procedure, a cell from one sheep is placed in another sheep's uterus to develop and grow into a fetus, which is then delivered by standard means.

- (10) In 1999 a research published in *Nature* magazine suggested that Dolly was going through premature aging. The reason for this was thought to be the age of the cells that were used to create her. The cell-donor was six years old at the time of the cloning; therefore Dolly was genetically six year old at her birth. In 2002, when she was only five years old, Dolly had developed arthritis, a condition which is very rare at such an early age.

- (15) Following Dolly's case of arthritis, some researchers began to think the cloning technique used on her was inappropriate for mammals. Moreover, the risk of unforeseen effects of cloning on the clone makes experiments on humans premature and unethical. Others said that there was nothing wrong with the cloning method practiced on Dolly and that it simply needed to be refined.

- (20) Dolly died from lung disease, a common disease of sheep. Roslin scientists claimed that there was no connection between Dolly's death and the fact that she was a clone.

## השאלות

**11.** According to the first paragraph, in which year did Dolly die?

- (1) 1990  
(2) 2006  
(3) 1996  
(4) 2003

**12.** The second paragraph is mainly about -

- (1) Roslin Institution in Scotland  
(2) why Dolly died after six years  
(3) where Dolly's name came from  
(4) the procedure with which Dolly was created

**13.** In line 12, the word “premature” can be replaced by the word -

- (1) early
  - (2) overdue
  - (3) positive
  - (4) compromised
- 

**14.** The fourth paragraph deals with -

- (1) cloning experiments on humans
  - (2) different researchers' opinions on Dolly's cloning process
  - (3) Dolly's lung disease, and its repercussions for the future of cloning
  - (4) different cloning techniques that can be used on mammals
- 

**15.** The text is mainly about -

- (1) ethical questions concerning cloning
  - (2) the creation and life of Dolly the first cloned mammal
  - (3) different cloning procedures and their affects on mammals
  - (4) debate concerning the cloning of Dolly and other animals
-

**קטע קריאה 5**

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחרייך.

- (1) The abduction of a queen - that is what brought about the mythical Trojan War. According to legend, Paris, the prince of Troy, was chosen to be a judge in a beauty contest between three goddesses: Athena, Hera and Aphrodite. Paris chose Aphrodite, since she had promised to make beautiful Helen, wife to Menelaus king of Sparta, fall in love with him. Paris then abducted beautiful Helen and took her with him back to Troy.

- His wife abducted, Menelaus gathered around him all his ally kings and princes of Ancient Greece and obtained their military support in his endeavor to bring back his wife from Troy. Menelaus persuaded his brother (10) Agamemnon to stand at the head of this massive army. Agamemnon agreed and even sacrificed his daughter to the gods for good luck in his mission.

- The war lasted nine years, during which the Greeks ravaged cities and villages surrounding Troy. But Troy itself would not yield. The Greek then devised a new plan - they built a colossal hollow wooden horse and filled it (15) with their soldiers, while the rest of the Greek army withdrew from Troy. A Greek spy from inside Troy persuaded the Trojans that the horse was a gift, despite the warnings of the prophets Cassandra and Laocoon. The Trojans let the horse inside their walls and began celebrating the end of the Greek siege with a big feast. When the Trojans were drunk and drowsy, the Greek (20) warriors came out of the horse and opened the city gates in order to allow the rest of the army entry to the city. All the men in Troy were killed and the women and children were taken into slavery.

**השאלות**

**16.** The first paragraph is mainly about -

- (1) the Trojan Horse
- (2) the preparations for the Trojan War
- (3) the main reason for the eruption of the Trojan War
- (4) the historical period in which the Trojan Horse was built

---

**17.** According to the first paragraph, who was the queen?

- (1) Aphrodite
  - (2) Helen
  - (3) Hera
  - (4) Athena
-

**18.** In line 9, “endeavor” can be replaced by -

- (1) effort
  - (2) dispute
  - (3) failure
  - (4) interaction
- 

**19.** It can be inferred from lines 15-17 that Cassandra and Laocoon -

- (1) were against bringing the horse inside the city
  - (2) wanted the horse to be brought inside the city
  - (3) helped build the horse
  - (4) were Greek spies
- 

**20.** The text is mainly about -

- (1) the different parties which took part in the Trojan War
  - (2) Menelaus and Agamemnon - devoted brothers
  - (3) the abduction of Helen and her love for Paris
  - (4) the Trojan War, why it started and how it ended
-

**תשובות ספיות**

(3) <b>.16</b>	(4) <b>.11</b>	(3) <b>.6</b>	(3) <b>.1</b>
(2) <b>.17</b>	(4) <b>.12</b>	(4) <b>.7</b>	(2) <b>.2</b>
(1) <b>.18</b>	(1) <b>.13</b>	(2) <b>.8</b>	(1) <b>.3</b>
(1) <b>.19</b>	(2) <b>.14</b>	(1) <b>.9</b>	(1) <b>.4</b>
(4) <b>.20</b>	(2) <b>.15</b>	(2) <b>.10</b>	(4) <b>.5</b>



## יחידת תרגול 6

### קטע קריאה 2

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחריך.

- (1) Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart was a wonder child; he started his musical training, including instruction in clavier, violin and organ, with his father Leopold when he was three years old. At the age of five he wrote his first musical pieces. He could play the piano blindfolded, a skill which is not
- (5) uncommon with professional players, but caused much excitement among those who were present and the occasion became a well-known legend.

- (10) Wolfgang was born in 1756 in the city of Salzburg (located in what is presently known as Austria). His older sister Maria Anna and he were the only children of the Mozart family to survive beyond infancy. His sister was also an excellent harpsichord and piano player. When he was six years old, Leopold took Wolfgang and his sister on a concert tour to the court in Munich and to Vienna and Prague. The following year they went on a journey to Paris, London, Hague and Zürich, where Wolfgang met great musicians, such as Johann Christian Bach (son of Johann Sebastian Bach),
- (15) who befriended the young composer and inspired him in some of his musical pieces.

- (20) After having stayed in Salzburg for one year, the family packed their bags again and left their home - this time for Italy. While in Rome, Mozart visited the Sistine Chapel where he was present at the performance of Gregorio Allegri's *Miserere*, a religious choral piece that was performed only a few times a year. It was forbidden by the catholic church to write down the piece, which added to the mystery surrounding it. After listening to it only once, Mozart was able to write it down entirely from memory.

- (25) In 1781, Mozart met in Vienna with Joseph Haydn, the "Father of the Symphony and of the String Quartet", and despite their great age difference the two became friends. Mozart even dedicated six quartets dated from 1782-1785 to the great composer. Haydn was in awe of Mozart and after listening to his latest compositions said to Leopold Mozart: "Before God and as an honest man
- (30) I tell you that your son is the greatest composer known to me either in person or by name".

השאלות

1. In the first paragraph, which of the following is not mentioned as one of Mozart's gifts?

- (1) Mozart played various musical instruments since a very early age
  - (2) Mozart played the organ in church when he was only four years old
  - (3) Mozart was given music lessons since he was three years old
  - (4) Mozart composed his first pieces when he was five years old
- 

2. According to the second paragraph, Mozart went on a tour to Munich in the year -

- (1) 1761
  - (2) 1981
  - (3) 1756
  - (4) 1762
- 

3. It can be inferred from the third paragraph that -

- (1) before Mozart wrote down Allegri's *Miserere* there was no written copy of the piece for the public to see
  - (2) before Mozart wrote down Allegri's *Miserere* it was not performed in church
  - (3) it has become forbidden to write down Allegri's *Miserere* after Mozart wrote it down
  - (4) performing Allegri's *Miserere* was forbidden even before Mozart wrote it down
- 

4. It is inferred from the fourth paragraph that in most cases -

- (1) age difference might be an obstacle in forming a friendship
  - (2) it is easier to make friends with someone older than one's self
  - (3) it is easier to make friends with someone younger than one's self
  - (4) age difference is not an obstacle in forming a friendship
- 

5. The fourth paragraph is mainly about -

- (1) The relationship between Leopold Mozart and his son
  - (2) The relationship between Haydn and Mozart and its affect on each one of them
  - (3) The time Mozart had in Vienna
  - (4) Haydn's religious beliefs
-

**קטע קריאה 3**

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחרייו.

- (1) In a field in England 8 miles north of Salisbury stands a Neolithic and Bronze Age megalithic monument called Stonehenge. It consists of a circular earth bank and ditch that are dated to about 3100 BC, and large standing stones in a circular form that according to archaeologists were erected there in two periods - around 2500 BC and 2000 BC.

- (5) Many legends and theories as to why the monument was built surrounded Stonehenge. Some legends tell that Merlin the wizard ordered a giant to build it, while others tell that Merlin himself transported it by magic from a mountain in Ireland. Some associated the monument with King Arthur himself, and some - with the Devil.

- (10) John Aubrey was the first to make an academic effort to solve the mystery of Stonehenge. Around 1740, he reached the conclusion that Stonehenge was built by Druids, people of a priestly class in ancient Celtic societies. He was also the first to draw an accurate drawing of the site. Only in the nineteenth century was the site attributed to the Bronze Age by John Lubbock.

- (15) The first excavations of Stonehenge were carried out in 1798 by William Cunnington and Richard Colt Hoare. They were the first to dig beneath fallen stones. However, the largest excavation was undertaken by William Hawley and Robert S. Newall, who were the first to determine that Stonehenge was a multi-phase construction.

- (20) Some replicas of Stonehenge are found in different places around the world - in Maryhill, Washington State, a full-size replica can be found as it would have looked if some parts of it had not gone through decay or fell off. In 1987, Carhenge, a Stonehenge replica made from vintage cars, was constructed by Jim Reynolds in Nebraska and a full-size Stonehenge made of foam called Foamhenge can be found in Virginia.

**השאלות**

6. According to the first paragraph, Stonehenge does not consist of -

- (1) large stones
- (2) a bank made of dirt
- (3) a ditch made of earth
- (4) small hedges

**7.** The second paragraph is mainly about -

- (1) the different stories associated with Stonehenge
  - (2) how Stonehenge was built by the Devil
  - (3) mountains in Ireland
  - (4) Merlin the wizard and his magical skills
- 

**8.** According to the third paragraph, John Aubrey -

- (1) belonged to a Celtic priestly class
  - (2) had Druid heritage
  - (3) made a drawing of Stonehenge
  - (4) used to live in the Bronze Age
- 

**9.** In line 17, "excavations" can be replaced by -

- (1) stones
  - (2) digs
  - (3) competitions
  - (4) infrastructures
- 

**10.** The fifth paragraph is mainly about -

- (1) different imitations of Stonehenge around the world
  - (2) different archaeological Stonehenge sights around the world
  - (3) driving a car through Stonehenge
  - (4) the threat of decay in Stonehenge
-

## קטע קריאה 4

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחריו.

- (1) Dance movement therapy is a fairly new psychotherapeutic method that uses movement and dance to treat emotional, social and behavioral conditions. The objective in dance movement therapy is not to achieve defined forms of dance but to re-establish the unity of body, mind and soul through creative movement.

- Dance as therapy was pioneered by Marian Chace, who was a professional dancer and established her own studio in Washington DC, in the 1930's. Because Chase's dance classes provided unique opportunities for self-expression, communication, and group interaction, psychiatrists in Washington began sending patients to her. In the mid-1940's she started giving lectures and demonstrations of her work and other dancers started following her lead. In 1966 the American Dance Association was founded.

- Dance therapy is based on the perception that the body and mind are interrelated. Mental and emotional problems are often held in the body in the form of muscle tension and constrained movement patterns. Therefore, by moving it freely or according to patterns, a patient can become free of his or her psychological setbacks.

- Dance movement therapy can be practiced in many ways: Moving as a group brings people out of isolation, creates powerful social and emotional bonds, and generates the good feelings that come from being with others. Moving rhythmically eases muscular rigidity, diminishes anxiety, and increases energy. Moving spontaneously helps people learn to recognize and trust their impulses, and do as they choose. Moving creatively encourages self-expression and opens up new ways of thinking.

## השאלות

**11.** According to the first paragraph, therapeutic movement creates -

- (1) a body that is unified with one's mind and soul
- (2) a professional dancer
- (3) social and emotional distress
- (4) a group of well trained dancers

**12.** In line 6, "pioneered" is closest in meaning to -

- (1) misjudged
- (2) disrespected
- (3) recollected
- (4) founded

**13.** According to the second paragraph, why did "psychiatrists in Washington began sending patients to her"?

- (1) Marian Chace's classes appealed to professional dancers
  - (2) Marian Chace was an extremely loveable woman
  - (3) Marian Chace's classes encouraged self-expression
  - (4) Marian Chance was a member of the National Union of Psychiatrists
- 

**14.** It can be inferred from the third paragraph that -

- (1) high muscular tension might be an indication of emotional and mental problems
  - (2) movement can cause psychological damage
  - (3) dance movement therapy is the most effective method for dealing with mental problems
  - (4) free movement is better than moving according to a definite pattern
- 

**15.** According to the last paragraph, what is not a particular benefit of group therapy?

- (1) the creation of social and emotional bonds
  - (2) the forming of a greater muscular mass
  - (3) the easing of muscular rigidity
  - (4) the generation of trust in ones impulses
-

## קטע קריאה 5

קרא בעיון את הקטע הבא, וענה על השאלות שאחריו.

- (1) Humans spend a great portion of their lives asleep, but what is the definition of "sleep"? Although some would say that it is a state of "unconsciousness", it is basically a reduction in voluntary body movement.

- (5) Sleep is divided by researches into five basic stages that are each characterized by different levels of electrical activity of the brain, muscular tension, eye movement, heart rhythm and breath. When a patient's sleep is monitored he or she is connected to two different devices: the electroencephalogram measures the electrical activity of the brain and the polysomnogram measures the rest.

- (10) The first stage of sleep, what we usually call "falling asleep", is characterized by near disappearance of alpha waves, which are brainwaves that appear in great rate when we are awake, and are replaced by theta waves. In this stage the patient also loses some muscle tone. This trend proceeds into the second stage of sleep in which is characterized also by "sleep spindles" and "K-complexes", that are bursts of brain activity, and "hypnic jerks", that are involuntarily muscle twitches.

- (20) Stages three and four are both defined by the appearance of delta waves. As the third stage is more of a transition stage, stage four is the deepest stage of sleep. In both stages muscle tension is extremely low. The fifth stage is characterized by what researchers refer to as REM - rapid eye movement. Most of a person's dreaming is done during this stage and the patient's brainwave activity is almost similar to that of waking hours.

- (25) Sleep proceeds in cycles of the five stages, when each cycle's duration is about 90 minutes. The cycles tend to get longer as REM sleep becomes longer in each cycle. As the night proceeds the first stage tends to disappear and reappears when morning comes.

## השאלות

16. The text is mainly about -

- (1) misconception about sleep
- (2) sleep and its stages
- (3) heart rate and electrical brain activity
- (4) sleeping habits

17. According to the second paragraph, what is not monitored by the polysomnogram?

- (1) electrical brain activity
- (2) breath rate
- (3) heart rate
- (4) muscular tone

**18.** The third paragraph is mostly about -

- (1) the first two stages of sleep
  - (2) the last two stages of sleep
  - (3) the fifth stage of sleep
  - (4) the state of being awake
- 

**19.** According to fourth paragraph, what is the difference between the third and fourth stages of sleep?

- (1) the brainwaves during the third stage are similar to those of deep sleep, while the brainwaves during the fourth stage resemble those that appear while we are awake
  - (2) the third stage is a stage of deep sleep while the fourth is the stage in which REM appears
  - (3) the two stages are completely similar
  - (4) the fourth stage is a stage of deep sleep, while the third stage is more of a transitional stage
- 

**20.** According to the last paragraph -

- (1) the second stage of sleep tends to disappear as night proceeds
  - (2) the sleep cycles' duration is not longer than 90 minutes
  - (3) there is more REM sleep during the first cycles of sleep than in the later cycles
  - (4) the sleep cycles become longer as the night goes on
-



## תשובות ספיות

(2) <b>.16</b>	(1) <b>.11</b>	(4) <b>.6</b>	(2) <b>.1</b>
(1) <b>.17</b>	(4) <b>.12</b>	(1) <b>.7</b>	(4) <b>.2</b>
(1) <b>.18</b>	(3) <b>.13</b>	(3) <b>.8</b>	(1) <b>.3</b>
(4) <b>.19</b>	(1) <b>.14</b>	(2) <b>.9</b>	(1) <b>.4</b>
(4) <b>.20</b>	(2) <b>.15</b>	(1) <b>.10</b>	(2) <b>.5</b>